

Sustainable Minds Transparency Report[™] / EPD Framework Part A: Compatibility appendices

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Introduction

Manufacturers have a choice of ISO 14025 Type III environmental declarations to deliver potential environmental performance information – Sustainable Minds Transparency Reports™ or traditional EPDs.

Sustainable Minds Part A compatibility appendices were designed to easily enable those using an existing PCR to create a TR/EPD AND to optionally be compliant with other international standards. The Part A compatibility appendices ensure that all manufacturers are using the same LCA calculation rules and reporting the same content, where just the reporting *format* is different.

Scenario	Instructions
Starting a new LCA and have not selected a PCR	Option 1 . If no appropriate PCR exists, use the <i>Sustainable Minds Part B: Product group definition request form</i> to initiate the creation of a Part B. In this case, a compatibility appendix is not needed. Complete the LCA to the requirements of Parts A and B.
	Option 2 . Complete the LCA to the requirements of the selected PCR and use the corollary compatibility appendix to create a TR/EPD. If no compatibility appendix exists, either request the creation of a new one or create one yourself using the compatibility evaluation form herein. This form is used to identify the additional TR/EPD content required by the PCR that is NOT required by Part A.
Starting a new LCA using an existing PCR	Complete the LCA to the requirements of the PCR and use the corollary compatibility appendix to create a TR/EPD. If no compatibility appendix exists, either request the creation of a new one or create one yourself using the compatibility evaluation form



	herein and send to TAB@sustainableminds.com. This form is used to identify the additional TR/EPD content required by the PCR that is NOT required by Part A.
Completed an LCA <u>using an</u> <u>existing PCR</u> and seeking compatibility with additional standards	Use the corollary compatibility appendix/appendices to create a TR/EPD. Please note that significant changes to the LCA may be required in order to meet the reporting requirements of each additional standard or PCR.

If you are a program operator or stakeholder interested in creating a compatibility appendix using an existing standard or PCR, fill out the compatibility evaluation form herein and send to TAB@sustainableminds.com. It will be reviewed by the TAB and returned for your use. Once reviewed and approved, it will be published as a compatibility appendix.

All additional TR/EPD content required by the PCR that is NOT included in the Sustainable Minds Transparency Report[™] / EPD Framework will be published on Page 4 in a Transparency Report[™]. Each program operator can determine placement in its own EPD template.

In the example below, a Transparency Report[™] compliant with the ULE PCR Parts A and B for Sanitary Ceramics and CEN EN 15804:2012+A1 was used to illustrate the additional content required in the TR/EPD to be compliant with both the PCR and the international standard.

ULEA&B N 15804 Combined Life cycle Life cycle information information Scenarios Scenarios Scenarios Content required by: Data age Data age EN 15804 Data Data ULE A & B quality quality Allocation Allocation Both Environmental Environmental Environmental parameters per parameters per parameters per EN 15804 EN 15804 EN 15804 Disaggregated Disaggregated Impact categories Impact categories per EN 15804 per EN 15804

Figure 1. Transparency Report[™] Page 4 showing requirements from indicated compatibility appendices



Content list	What must be communicated to be useful & be an ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration
1. Company & product Id	entification
Brand identification – company logo, product logo	
Company contact info	Name, corporate address, URL
Product photo(s)	As it looks when delivered
Product name(s)/ID(s)	That the market recognizes
Product(s) description	Description of what it does for the end-user, standards followed (e.g. EN 13310:2003, Kitchen sinks – Functional requirements and test methods), dimensions of the product(s), the use and/or area of application, material type, sub-category, the represented site(s)/plant(s), and other pertinent physical properties and technical information
Product identification (e.g. model number)	
Part B / PCR identification	Reference the Part B / PCR used to create the TR/EPD. Include who the Part B / PCR review was conducted by. (e.g. Part B review conducted by the Sustainable Minds TAB, tab@sustainableminds.com)
	Functional performance
	User inserts product category-specific attribute list with scores. Required to be on the market or industry-accepted attributes.
Performance Dashboard	Potential environmental performance
	- Declared product unit
	- Single figure scores by Sustainable Minds impact scores and life cycle stage (optional)
	Functional performance
Attributes	Additional attributes that describe product performance, but not required to satisfy a minimum legal standard.
Attributes	Potential environmental performance
	Attributes that are relevant to the LCA results and have shown to reduce the footprint by more than 10% in any environmental parameter.
	Functional performance
Certifications	Mandatory and optional
	Potential environmental performance
	Mandatory and optional

2. Issuing party and verification information

Issuing party information	Name, program name, address, logo, website
Third-party verifier information (when relevant)	Name, postal address, phone number, website, email address
Release date, valid until (5 years after release date, or as specified by the PCR)	
Reference to full LCA report	Include title, release date, and software type and version used
Non-comparability statement	Include the following statement: "Transparency Reports [™] / environmental product declarations enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. They are designed to present information transparently to make the limitations of comparability more understandable. TRs/EPDs of products that conform to the same PCR and include the same life cycle stages, but are made by different manufacturers, may not sufficiently align to support direct comparisons. They therefore, cannot be used as comparative assertions unless the conditions defined in ISO 14025 Section 6.7.2. 'Requirements for Comparability' are satisfied."
Verification level	Choose one of the following: Verified report and LCA results Self-declared report with ISO 14044 3rd party reviewed LCA results Self-declared report with self-declared LCA results



Life cycle stages	Producti	ion Construction/ Installation Use End of life Recovery						
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle- to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; 				studies are referred to				
Material composition		 What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table de the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered propriby the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or funct Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that can adversely affect human health and/or the environment, in all stages of the life cycle. 						
Declared unit (for cradle-gate or cradle-to with options)	o-gate	In the declared unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application						
Functional unit quantified performance of a product s for use as a reference unit cradle-to-grave)	system	In the functional unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application, reference service life (RSL)						
3. LCA results								
Time coverage		Indicate th	Indicate the year for which primary data have been collected.					
			o-gate (min)					
Scope			o-grave (max) o-gate with options					
			he of the following					
Verification statement		Sustainab	Include statement of verification (e.g. The LCA and background report are independently verified to the Sustainable Minds Transparency Report [™] / EPD Framework and ISO 14025.)					

Bold the information levels modules included:

Include photos to illustrate life stages. Actual manufacturer's photos preferred vs. stock.

Information modules	A1 Supply chain	A4 Delivery	B1 Use	C1 Demolition	D Reuse, recovery and/or recycling
Included/Excluded	A2 Transportation	A5 Installation	B2 Maintenance	C2 Transportation	
	A3 Manufacturing		B3 Repair	C3 Waste processing	
			B4 Replacements	C4 Disposal	
			B5 Refurbishments		
			B6 Energy		
			B7 Water		

SM2013 mPts (optional)	Production	Construction	Use	End of life	Recovery
Indicate total impacts by life cycle stages [mP Caption explaining materials or processes co			ach lifecycle stage		

Impact category	Unit	Production	Construction	Use	End of life	Recovery
Ecological indicators						
Acidification	kg SO2 eq					
Eutrophication	kg N eq (nitrogen)					
Global warming	kg CO ₂ eq (carbon dioxide)					
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq					



Human health indicators						
Carcinogenics (optional)	CTUh					
Non-carcinogenics (optional)	CTUh					
Respiratory effects (optional)	kg PM2.5 eq					
Smog	kg O₃ eq (ozone)					
Additional environmenta	Additional environmental information					
Ecotoxicity (optional)	CTUe					
Fossil fuel depletion (optional)	MJ surplus					

4. Variations that drive performance					
Important parameters within the LCA, what are the major contributions What things have range or variations, and the relevance	 Report: All processes or materials that have a contribution of 20% or more in any of the LCA results (= relevant impacts) A sensitivity analysis for the most important choices and assumptions must be performed to check the robustness of the results of the LCA. Indicate which influence the results in any environmental parameter by more than 20%. State the chosen approach for these parameters. Topics include: The impact of the geographical & technological variation over the different production locations. The variation due to variation in the average composition. The variation due to averaging for drawing up a 'group-average'. For above, use the highest and lowest values in the sensitivity analysis. Outliers can be disregarded. Allocation of recycling processes. 				
Results Interpretation	 Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about them? 				
5. Relevant additional en	vironmental data related to potential environmental performance				
	 All declared data and/or certifications require reference and must conform to the applicable standards for the region declared in the functional unit. This can include: Certificate logos, certificate numbers, and/or other references. Use logos when possible, linked to the organization's web site. For cradle-to-gate TRs/EPDs, the following may be qualitatively reported if known: Other products not included in assessment needed for product to serve intended function Anticipated replacement cycle of product Intended use Potential waste treatment scenarios Statements that relate to the scope of the TR/EPD Additional environmental statements which are mandatory through legislation, even for stages of the life cycle that are not part of the scope 				
6. Relevant product man	ufacturing/strategy about environmental ambition/programs				
	 Relevant to LCA results Content about programs, strategies, and successes relevant to the potential environmental performance of the product. Detailed stories and images about potential environmental performance improvement methods and techniques such as: closed-loop recycling, up-cycling, renewable energy, sustainable supply chain efforts, etc. 				



Compatibility appendices

Standards

TR/EPD compatibility appendix

ISO 21930:2017

ISO 21930 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works – Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services, 2017-07

Where this document contains more specific requirements, it seeks to complement ISO 14025 for the EPD of construction products. However, where the requirements of this document go beyond the requirements of ISO 14025 for the development of PCR for construction products, the requirements of this document shall apply.

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with ISO 21930:2017.

The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in a Transparency Report™.

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requiren	nents from	
1. Company & produc	t Identification	No additional content required.		
2. Issuing party and v	2. Issuing party and verification information		d.	
3. LCA results				
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info- graphics	Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'. List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions. Indicate the impact assessment version used.	kWh or MJ - RPRM and NRPRM kWh or MJ. Howev materials as inputs Primary resources input shall have the - Water use, which is - Temperature, which	individual information le (i.e. A1 to A5, B1 to B7, applementary information b) shall not be aggregated ividual information modules ife cycle stages. As an rs for information modules agated to a total for each age. Add to TR* page Anywhere LCA results are presented are presented ion 7.1.10: ith the exceptions noted essed in kg. which are expressed as are, measurement of these are expressed in mass. used as energy or material asame unit	



Ad	Action
Any are	Use those units for measurement of those metrics
leclared led in the e dispose vaste dis e dispose vel radic coned, to ediate- a ctive wa spiratory ategorie module reuse rcling rgy reco	Requirement: Page 52, section waste categories shall be deci- information modules included - hazardous waste dia - non-hazardous waste - radioactive waste di o high-level conditione or m3, o intermedia radioactiv final respi The following output flow cate specified for all information mod - components for reus - materials for energy - recovered energy et
	system
Ad	Action
	Include these surgers of them.
	Include these waste flow parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure
ction 9.3	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure Action
ction 9.3 Iure	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure
Adduction 9.3	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure Action Describe allocation
Add	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure Action Describe allocation procedure Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - cut-off procedure Action
Add	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure Action Describe allocation procedure Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - cut-off procedure
Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add Add	parameters Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - allocation procedure Action Describe allocation procedure Requirement: Page 58, section specify the following: [] - cut-off procedure Action
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		Requirement: Page 61, section	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
		Requirement. Page 61, section 9.5.2. The following parameters derived from LCI shall, as a minimum, be included and specified for all information modules: - Use of primary resources (several indicators) - Use of secondary resources (several indicators) - Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADPfossil) - Consumption of freshwater resources - Waste and output flows (several indicators)	
		Action	Add to TR page
		Include these material and resource use parameters	Page 4
		biogenic carbon cor product - emissions from calc carbonation - removals and emiss biogenic carbon cor packaging - emissions from corr renewable sources processes	r transparency and specified here the respective flows sions associated with ntent of the bio-based sination and removals from sions associated with ntent of the bio-based hbustion of waste from used in production hbustion of waste from non- used in production busted in production
4. Variations that drive performance	9		
Important parameters within the LCA, what are the major contributions What things have range or variations, and the	 Report: All processes or materials that have a contribution of 20% or more in any of the LCA results (= relevant impacts) A sensitivity analysis for the most important choices and assumptions must be performed to check the robustness of the results of the LCA. Indicate which influence the results in any environmental parameter by more than 20%. State the chosen approach for these parameters. 	Requirement: Page 22, section composition, representative content environmental indicators are used in an average EPD shall not do impact indicators by more that included in other average EPL environmental impact indicato Where larger impact difference companies/sites and/or produ- be justified in the project report	composition, or worst case used, the products included liffer in their environmental $n \pm 10\%$. Similar products Ds should not differ in their ors by more than $\pm 10\%$. es are found for the cts evaluated, these need to rt or the system separated.
relevance	Topics include:	Action	Add to TR page
	 The impact of the geographical & technological variation over the different production locations. The variation due to variation in the average composition. The variation due to averaging for drawing up a 'group-average'. 	If variation for any impact indicator is more than +/- 10%, separate an average EPD until this requirement is met	Whole TR



 For above, as the highest and lowest values in the sensitivity analysis. Outliers can be disregarded. Allocation of recycling processes. Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about them? 5. Relevant additional environmental data/certifications related to environmental performance 	6. Relevant product m environmental ambiti	nanufacturing/strategy about on/programs	No additional content required.
 the sensitivity analysis. Outliers can be disregarded. Allocation of recycling processes. Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about 			No additional content required.
For above, use the highest and lowest values in		 disregarded. Allocation of recycling processes. Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about 	



PCRs

TR/EPD compatibility appendix

UL Environment PCR: Parts A and B for Sanitary Ceramics

Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report – Version 1.3, 19.06.2014 *Adapted for UL Environment from the range of EPDs of Institute Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU)* <u>http://industries.ul.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2014/09/ULE-IBU-PCR-Part-A_v71.pdf</u>

Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Sanitary Ceramics – Version 1.0, 14.06.2014 <u>http://industries.ul.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2014/09/ULE_PCR_Part_B_Sanitary_Ceramics_12-15-15.pdf</u>

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with UL Environment Parts A and B for Sanitary Ceramics. The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in a Transparency Report[™].

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requirements from ULE Parts A and B for Sanitary Ceramics
1. Company & produc	t Identification	
Product(s) description	Description of what it does for the end-user, standards followed (e.g. EN 13310:2003, Kitchen sinks – Functional requirements and test methods), dimensions of the product(s), the use and/or area of application, material type, sub-category, and other pertinent physical properties and technical information	Requirement: Part B, pages 4-5, section 2: J. Manufacture The manufacturing process must be described and can be illustrated using a simple graphic. If the EPD applies for several locations, the production processes for all locations must be described. Quality management systems can be referred to. 2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing Presentation of measures relating to health protection during the manufacturing process extending beyond national guidelines (of the production country). Presentation of measures relating to environmental protection during the manufacturing process extending beyond national guidelines or plant-specific requirements, e.g. description of special environmentally-friendly dealings with waste air, waste water and waste as well as noise emissions. Information on the Environment Management System or similar (if available). 2.9 Product processing/Installation Description of the type of processing, machinery, tools, dust extraction etc. to be used and auxiliary materials as well as measures for reducing noise Information on the rules of technology and industrial and environmental protection is possible. 2.10 Packaging Information on product-specific packaging: type, composition and possible reuse of packaging materials (paper, pallets, foils etc.). 2.11 Condition of use Information on product-specific packaging: type, composition and possible reuse of the declared products, the environment and health during use Information on product-specific packaging: type, composition and possible reuse of the declared product should be listed in the corresponding section in 4 "Technical informa
		Action Add to TR* page



		Add relevant sections	Page 4 Life cycle information
		*Each program operator can det template.	ermine placement in its EPD
2. Issuing party and v	erification information	No additional content require	ed.
3. LCA results			
Data quality		Requirement: Part B, page 3.5 Background data The sources for background data 3.6 Data quality An estimate should be made as a age of background data used mu Action Add background data sources and data quality estimate, including age	a used must be provided. regards data quality, whereby the
Functional unit quantified performance of a product system for use as a reference unit (for cradle-to-grave)	In the functional unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application, reference service life (RSL)	Requirement: Part B, page functional unit for ceramic sa product piece with a provide The mass of one piece of the indicated. Flush and flow rate shall be indicated. Name Declared/functional unit Conversion factor to 1 ton Mass per piece Action Create conversion factor statement including declared/functional unit, conversion factor to 1 ton, and mass per piece	d conversion factor to 1 ton. e declared product shall be
Material composition	What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table declaring the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered proprietary by the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or function. Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range of mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that can adversely affect human health and/or the environment in all stages of the life cycle	Requirement: Part B, page material product content mus substances contained in the the Resource Conservation a Subtitle 3. Action Declare substances listed in the RCRA, Subtitle 3	st list at least those product which are included in
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info- graphics	 environment, in all stages of the life cycle. Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'. List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions. 	Requirement: Part B, pages information is necessary for optional for non-declared mo information is declared can b information can also be lister	odules. Modules for which no be deleted; additional



Indicate the impact assessment version used.

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Liters of fuel		l/100km
Transportation distance		km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)		%
Gross density of products transported		kg/m ³
Capacity utilization volume		-

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Auxiliary		kg
Water consumption		m ³
Other resources		kg
Electricity consumption		kWh
Other energy carriers		MJ
Material loss		kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site		kg
Dust in the air		kg
VOC in the air		kg

Use or application of the installed product (B1); see section 2.12 "Use". Use phase impacts shall only be assigned to products that control flow rate. Reporting of use (B1) and maintenance (B2) impacts of sanitary ceramics shall be defined by the information in: Table 1 "Use and maintenance (B1-B2) references." (see Part B for this table and referenced performance requirements)

Maintenance (B2)

Name	Value	Unit
Information on maintenance		-
Maintenance cycle		Number/RSL
Water consumption		m ³
Auxiliary		kg
Other resources		kg
Electricity consumption		kWh
Other energy carriers		MH
Material loss		kg

Repair (B3)

Name	Value	Unit
Information on the repair process		-
Information on the inspection process		-
Repair cycle		Number/RSL
Water consumption		m ³
Auxiliary		kg
Other resources		kg
Electricity consumption		kWh
Other energy carriers		MJ
Material loss		kg



Replacement (B4) / Refurbishment (B5)

Name	Value	Unit
Replacement cycle		Number/RSL
Electricity consumption		kWh
Liters of fuel		l/100km
Replacement of worn parts		kg

Operational energy use (B6); Operational water use (B7)

Name	Value	Unit
Water consumption		m ³
Electricity consumption		kWh
Other energy carriers		MJ
Equipment output		kW

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately		kg
Collected as mixed construction waste		kg
Reuse		kg
Recycling		kg
Energy recovery		kg
Landfilling		kg

Action	Add to TR page
Add LCA scenario tables	Page 4 Scenarios and additional technical information

Requirement: Part A, pages 25-26, section 8.1

The following environmental parameters use data from the inventory analysis. They describe the use of renewable and non-renewable material resources, renewable and non-renewable primary energy and water. The parameters are required and shall be specified as follows in the EPD:

Use of renewable primary energy excluding the renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources us as raw materials)	
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used a raw materials	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Total use of non-renewable prima energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources us as raw materials)	MJ, calorific value ([Hi]
Use of secondary materials	kg
Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ, calorific value ([Hi] lower calorific value)
Net use of fresh water resources	m ³
Action	Add to TR page
Add aggregated resource use parameters table	Page 4



	Requirement: Part A, pages The parameters describing we material flows are output flow required and shall be included Hazardous waste disposed Non-hazardous waste disposed Radioactive waste disposed	aste categories and other s derived from LCI. They are
	Life Cycle Inventory Analysis output material flows: Components for re-use Materials for recycling Materials for energy recovery Exported energy	
	Action Add aggregated waste categories and output flow parameters tables	Add to TR page Page 4
4. Variations that drive performance	No additional content required	J.
5. Relevant additional environmental data/certifications related to environmental performance	No additional content required	J.
6. Relevant product manufacturing/strategy about environmental ambition/programs	No additional content required	ł.



ASTM PCR: Portland and Other Cements

Product Category Rules for Preparing an Environmental Product Declaration for Portland, Blended Hydraulic, Masonry, Mortar, and Plastic (Stucco) Cements, September 2014

http://www.astm.org/CERTIFICATION/DOCS/168.PCR_ASTM_Portland_Cement_PCR_091014.pdf

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with the ASTM Portland cement PCR. The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in the Transparency Report[™].

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requirem ASTM Portland cement PCR	
1. Company & produc	ct Identification		
Product(s) description	Description of what it does for the end-user, standards followed (e.g. EN 13310:2003, Kitchen sinks – Functional requirements and test methods), dimensions of the product(s), the use and/or area of application, material type, sub-category, and other pertinent physical properties and technical information	Requirement: Page 8, section described in accordance with AASHTO, CSA, or other prod which it is purchased. This description shall include: • [] cement type, product de • Flow diagram illustrating macycle stage according to the s Action Specify the cement type and product designation Include a flow diagram of unit processes by life cycle stage on Page 4 *Each program operator can detert template. Requirement: Page 11, section EPD shall identify the plant propreheater and precalciner, dry or wet. Action Specify plant process type	the appropriate ASTM, uct specifications under signation []; in unit processes by life- cope of the declaration Add to TR* page Page 1 Product description Page 4 Life cycle information mine placement in its EPD on 7.1: A plant-specific ocess type: dry with
2. Issuing party and v	verification information		
Non-comparability statement	Include the following statement: "Transparency Reports™ / environmental product declarations enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. They are designed to present information transparently to make the limitations of comparability more understandable. TRs/EPDs of products that conform to the same PCR and include the same life cycle stages, but are made by different manufacturers, may not sufficiently align to support direct comparisons. They therefore, cannot be used as comparative assertions unless the conditions defined in ISO 14025 Section 6.7.2. 'Requirements for Comparability' are satisfied."	Requirement: Page 7, section EPDs created using these PC prepared from cradle-to-grave based on the same function, r quantified by the same function assist purchasers and users in comparisons between produc under these PCR only cover t of portland, blended hydraulic plastic (stucco) cements, usin results cannot be used to com different mixtures and constru from a portland, blended hydr plastic (stucco) cements EPD comprehensive cradle-to-grav LCA in order to compare betw The basis of a comparison, w	R that only EPDs a life-cycle results and reference service life, and onal unit, can be used to in making informed ts. Since EPDs developed the cradle-to-gate impacts , masonry, mortar, or g a declared unit, the opare products used in ction products. The results aulic, masonry, mortar, or must be integrated into a re, ISO 14044-compliant reen different products.



		include the product application in accordance with IS 21930.	
		Action Add non-comparability statement to Page 4 or modify non-comparability statement on Page 2	Add to TR page Page 4 or Page 2 non- comparability statement
3. LCA results			
		Requirement: Page 12, section used with conversions as shown ecessary.	
		Action	Add to TR page
		Report results in SI units	Wherever LCA results are reported
		Requirement: Page 14, section impact category indicators sha for declaring environmental as ISO 21930, Section 8.2 and IS	all be taken from Table 3 spects in accordance with
	Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need	Total primary energy consum	ption
Numeric LCA results	to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are	Nonrenewable fossil	MJ (HHV)
(defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken	referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'. List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions.	Nonrenewable nuclear	MJ (HHV)
down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info-		Renewable (solar, wind, hydroelectric, and MJ (HHV) geothermal)	
graphics		Renewable (biomass)	MJ (HHV)
	Indicate the impact assessment version used.	Material resources consumpti	on
		Nonrenewable material resource	es kg
		Renewable material resources	kg
		Net fresh water (inputs minus ou	itputs) L
		Non-hazardous waste generated	l kg
		Hazardous waste generated	kg
		Action	Add to TR page
		Add these material, energy and waste resource parameters	Page 4
4. Variations that drive performance	9	No additional content required	l.
5. Relevant additional related to environment	environmental data/certifications tal performance		
	 All declared data and/or certifications require reference and must conform to the applicable standards for the region declared in the functional unit. This can include: Certificate logos, certificate numbers, and/or other references. Use logos when possible, linked to the organization's web site. For cradle-to-gate TRs/EPDs, the following may be qualitatively reported if known: 	Requirement: Page 15, section environmental declaration share [] • Instructions and limits for effi- • Preferred waste management and • Potential for incidents that car environment, such as recycled rates.	include, where relevant icient use; [] Int option for used products; In have impact(s) on the



	 Other products not included in assessment needed for product to serve intended function 	Action Add instructions and limits for efficient use	Add to TR page Page 3 How we make it greener; or Page 4
	 Anticipated replacement cycle of product Intended use Potential waste treatment scenarios 	Add preferred waste management option for used products	Product information Page 4 Product information
	 Statements that relate to the scope of the TR/EPD Additional environmental statements which are mandatory through legislation, even for stages of the life cycle that are not part of the scope 	Add potential for incidents that can have impacts on the environment, such as recycled content or recycling rates	Page 3 How we make it greener; or Page 4 Life cycle information
6. Relevant product manufacturing/strategy about environmental ambition/programs		No additional content required	1.



NSF PCR: Architectural Coatings

Product Category Rule for Environmental Product Declarations

PCR for Architectural Coatings: NAICS 325510 June 2015 http://www.nsf.org/newsroom_pdf/su_architectural_coatings_pcr.pdf

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with the NSF PCR for Architectural Coatings. The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in the Transparency Report[™].

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requirements from NSF PCR for Architectural Coatings	
1. Company & produc	t Identification		
Product photo(s)	As it looks when delivered	Requirement: Page 8, sectio range of products or multiple [] the picture should be labe clearly identify the specific pro Action If reporting for a range of products, label the picture as an example and clearly identify the product being displayed *Each program operator can deter template.	SKUs of the same product, eled as an example and oduct being displayed. Add to TR* page Page 1 picture
2. Issuing party and v	erification information		
Non-comparability statement	Include the following statement: "Transparency Reports™ / environmental product declarations enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. They are designed to present information transparently to make the limitations of comparability more understandable. TRs/EPDs of products that conform to the same PCR and include the same life cycle stages, but are made by different manufacturers, may not sufficiently align to support direct comparisons. They therefore, cannot be used as comparative assertions unless the conditions defined in ISO 14025 Section 6.7.2. 'Requirements for	 14025:2006. However, differences in certain assumptions, data quality, and variability between a data sets may still exist. As such, caution should be exercised when evaluating EPDs from different manufacturers, as the EPD results may not be entited the building level per ISO 21930 guidelines. The reproduct and its actual impacts may vary on a case-s case basis. 	
	Comparability' are satisfied."		
3. LCA results			
Data quality		Requirement : Page 29, secti assessment shall be made fo and included in the EPD. [] shall, at a minimum, address	r the system under study Data quality assessment



		minimum length of collected b) geographical cover which data for unit satisfy the goal of t c) technology coverag technology mix; an	ge: specific technology or d information (e.g. data, ptions) o of an LCA database is not en justification for its nd properly reflected in the The EPD shall assess and
		Requirement: Page 10, secti shall be the amount of produc above functional unit. In orde unit, multiple coats or repaint determining product lifespan, average market-based lifetim by the EPD. Action Specify amount of product needed to satisfy functional unit for design- based life and market- based life and market-	ct needed to satisfy the r to satisfy the functional s may be needed. [] When both design life and an
Functional unit quantified performance of a product system for use as a reference unit (for cradle-to-grave)	In the functional unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application, reference service life (RSL)	based lifetime. Requirement: Page 11, sectistandardized amount of color architectural coating dependition product represents (for examplify the pase, etc.). Action Specify market-based and design-based amount of colorant added if applicable, using the worst-case scenario defined in section 3.5	ant shall be added to the ng on what type of base the
		Requirement: Page 11, secti has a list of tests used to clas mid, or high quality product. Action	



		Specify the quality of the product(s), and include the ASTM methods as indicated by each subcategory of section 3.4 (the specific test results need not be reported).	Page 4 Product specification
		Requirement: Page 10, section opacity, ASTM D2805-11, AS 92(2013), or equivalent test m	TM D344-11, ASTM D5150-
		Action	Add to TR page
		When opacity is applicable, list the test methods used for opacity	Page 4 Product specification
		Requirement : Page 23, section coatings specifically formulate application efficiency shall be the EPD as well as used for a	ed to be spray-applied, an estimated and disclosed in
		Action	Add to TR page
		When applicable, specify the application efficiency.	Page 4 Product specification
Material composition	What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table declaring the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered proprietary by the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or function. Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range of mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that can adversely affect human health and/or the environment, in all stages of the life cycle.	Requirement: Page 33, section required by SDS (Safety Data certain aspects of material con- coating product(s), shall be di- total weight. Action List substances which are required to be disclosed as required by SDS	Sheets), such as reporting mposition of the assessed
Numeric I CA results	Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are	Requirement: Page 28, section of Units (SI units) shall be used EPD. Quantities shall be repre- digits expressed in scientific methods Action	ed for both the LCA and the esented with three valid
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken to include all life cycle stages. All other studie referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'.	referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'.	Report results in SI units in scientific notation using three digits.	Anywhere LCA results are presented
down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info- graphics		Requirement: Page 33, section cycle inventory analysis result cycle stage and as totals: 1. Depletion of Non-Re Resources (MJ) 2. Depletion of Non-Re Resources (kg) 3. Use of Renewable b	ts shall be reported by life enewable Energy



		Action Add these material and resource use parameters Add these waste categories Requirement: Page 34, sec occurring during the use pha EPD, measured in a way co practice. The employed VOC disclosed in the EPD.	ase shall be declared in the nsistent with industry best-
		Add these material and resource use parameters Add these waste categories Requirement: Page 34, sec occurring during the use pha EPD, measured in a way co practice. The employed VOC disclosed in the EPD.	Page 4 Page 4 tion 8.4: VOC emissions ase shall be declared in the nsistent with industry best-
		Add these waste categories Requirement: Page 34, sec occurring during the use pha EPD, measured in a way co practice. The employed VOC disclosed in the EPD.	Page 4 tion 8.4: VOC emissions ase shall be declared in the nsistent with industry best-
		categories Requirement: Page 34, sec occurring during the use pha EPD, measured in a way co practice. The employed VOC disclosed in the EPD.	tion 8.4: VOC emissions ase shall be declared in the nsistent with industry best-
		occurring during the use pha EPD, measured in a way co practice. The employed VOC disclosed in the EPD.	ase shall be declared in the nsistent with industry best-
		Action If VOC emissions occur during the use phase, declare them in TR along	Add to TR page Page 2 LCA results
		with the testing method.	
4. Variations that drive perform	nance	No additional content require	ed.
5. Relevant additional environm related to environmental performant of the second seco		No additional content require	əd.
reference as standards for This can ind • Certific other m linked • For cra be qua o • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	cate logos, certificate numbers, and/or references. Use logos when possible, to the organization's web site. adle-to-gate TRs/EPDs, the following may alitatively reported if known: Other products not included in assessment needed for product to serve intended function Anticipated replacement cycle of product Intended use Potential waste treatment scenarios ments that relate to the scope of the	building product and a state party can find details on the -Other environmental activiti as participation in recycling provided details of these pro-	ct performance (where fficient use; o any environmental ling a statement showing an find additional information cation programs applied to the ment on where an interested certification program; ies of the organization, such or recovery programs, ograms are readily available to contact information is provided;



6. Relevant product manufacturing/strategy about environmental ambition/programs	No additional content require	ed.
	certification programs and other environmental activities of the organization Add preferred waste management option for leftover paint	Page 4 Product information



NSF PCR: Flooring

Product Category Rule for Environmental Product Declarations

Flooring: Carpet, Resilient, Laminate, Ceramic, Wood - Version 2, June 2014 http://www.nsf.org/newsroom_pdf/flooring_pcr-new.pdf

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with the NSF PCR for Flooring. The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in the Transparency Report[™].

Additional content requirements from NSF PCR for Flooring What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & **Content list** be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration 1. Company & product Identification Requirement: Page 9, section 2.1: The product description shall state the reference service life. Action Add to TR* page Specify reference service Page 1 Product life (RSL) in product description description *Each program operator can determine placement in its EPD template. Requirement: Pages 12-17, section 3: The product Description of what it does for the end-user, standards characteristics shall be described. Basis for the followed (e.g. EN 13310:2003, Kitchen sinks description shall be the appropriate product specifications. Functional requirements and test methods), Product(s) description dimensions of the product(s), the use and/or area of Where such standards are not available, equivalent descriptions shall be given. (examples are given in the application, material type, sub-category, and other PCR) [...] Formaldehyde emissions for wood composite pertinent physical properties and technical information products shall be required to be reported in accordance with California Air Resource Board (CARB). Action Add to TR page Describe the product characteristics according Page 4 Product to the appropriate product information specifications For wood composite Page 4 Product products, report information formaldehyde emissions Requirement: Page 10, section 2.2: The intended application and the performance to the specifications of the following tests shall be declared. Action Add to TR page Certifications **Functional performance** Report the results of each applicable product Page 4 Product standard listed for the information product group being presented 2. Issuing party and verification information No additional content required. 3. LCA results



Data quality		Requirement: Page 6, section manufacturing facilities for the specified. For these facilities, standards, the level of certific shall be declared. Action Specify the country of the manufacturing facilities Specify level of certification for manufacturing facilities Requirement: Page 33, section inventory database(s) shall be Action Specify all datasets used	e product group shall be ISO 9001 or other ISO ation and applicable facilities Add to TR page Page 4 Data background Page 4 Data background on 6.5: All life cycle
Material composition	What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table declaring the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered proprietary by the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or function. Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range of mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that can adversely affect human health and/or the environment, in all stages of the life cycle.	6 below, shall be included in a and CASRN regardless of the The PCR lists the types of ma disclosed. Action List materials considered hazardous according to the PCR	Add to TR page Page 4 Product information Year of a flooring product that ed under any of the criteria 1- the EPD as Chemical Name e ingredient amount used. Add to TR page Page 2 Material composition Year of 4.2: A short description of
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info- graphics See Appendix C for LCA results tables	 Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'. List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions. Indicate the impact assessment version used. 	Requirement: Pages 27-31, extraction stage shall be desc manufacturing process of the [] Statements on the delive distances to the typical marke general description of installa provided, including ancillary r (e.g., adhesives or other setti of MSDS and/or other informa health, safety, or regarding en	cribed in the EPD. [] The product shall be described ry (e.g., estimated vehicle, ets) shall be provided. [] A tion methods shall be materials used for installation ing materials). [] Location ation needed to protect



installation should be made available upon request. [...] Recommended collection and separation of waste accumulated at the construction site shall be documented including any take back system in place for post installation floor covering waste or packaging. [...] Kind and material of packaging shall be documented. [...] Statements on the use stage of a floor covering should contribute to a modeling of the use of the floor covering throughout its life span and over the duration of common periods of use. [...] Details on how to clean and maintain the floor covering based on the manufacturer's recommendations shall be documented. [...] Provide guidance relative to opportunity to recycle, reuse, or repurpose the flooring product. If available, statements on the transport (e.g., estimated vehicle, distance to the recycling/reuse site) shall be provided. [...] Disposal methods for the floor covering should be documented. If available, statements on the transport (e.g., estimated vehicle, distance to the recycling/reuse site) shall be provided.

Action	Add to TR page
Provide description of	Page 4 Life cycle
each module	information

Requirement: Page 36, section 6.9: *The LCA results shall* be documented separately for the stages using the boundaries described in section 5:

- 1. Sourcing/extraction [...]
- 2. Manufacturing [...]
- 3. Delivery and installation [...]
- 4. Use [...]
- 5. End of life [...]

Action	Add to TR page
Present results aggregated over these five stages	Page 4 LCA results

Requirement: Pages 36-37, section 6.10: *The following parameters of the life cycle impact assessment, based on CML (current version) and its associated reporting units shall be declared in the EPD per functional unit per RSL.* [...]

- 1. Abiotic depletion potential
- Global warming potential (GWP 100 years); Biomass CO₂ emissions shall be reported separately.
- 3. Acidifications potential (AP)
- Photochemical ozone creation potential (POCP, or "Smog")
- 5. Eutrophication potential (EP)
- 6. Ozone depletion potential (ODP) Steady State / Infinite
- Non-renewable material resources such as abiotic resource depletion potential (ADP), not including primary energy
- 8. Primary energy demand of non-renewable resources (MJ)
- 9. Primary energy demand of renewable resources (MJ)

[...] The LCIA impacts shall be declared in the following tables.



4. Variations that drive performance5. Relevant additional environmental data/certifications related to environmental performance		d	No additional content r	
A Variations that drive	norformanco		No additional content	required
			l emissions to water, and indoor air	Page 2 or MHO
			l waste flow ameters	Page 4
		rene	ewable material burce parameters	Page 4
		Acti Add	ion I renewable and non-	Add to TR page
	2 r r v	21930 mater resou waste	0 requires reporting the or rial resources, the use of irces, the consumption of	
			ntenance activities ompanying Table B	Page 4
		Pres	sent use and	
	1 i	maint in 5.4	tenance activities shall a 1.2. The list of use and m ly declare the user define	on 6.10: A list of use and ccompany Table B as stated aintenance activities shall ed RSL of product.
		asso CMI para	sent impact essment results using L for the listed ameters over three arate tables	Page 4
		Acti		Add to TR page
		give sour insta • Tabl cove • Tabl on th	n for each of the followir rcing/extraction, manufac allation, and end-of-life. le B: The impacts for the ering shall be given for a le C: The total impacts o he estimated replacemen ering over a 60-year refe	

6. Relevant product manufacturing/strategy about	No additional content required.
environmental ambition/programs	No additional content required.



IERE PCR: Cradle to Gate Windows

Cradle to Gate Window Product Category Rule, September 10, 2015 v1.02 – Earthsure PCR Cradle-to-Gate 30171600:2015 <u>http://iere.org/images/PCRs/C2G-Window-PCR-v1.01.pdf</u>

Use this Appendix to create a TR/EPD compliant with the IERE C2Gate Window PCR. The right column indicates the additional content required and its location in the Transparency Report[™].

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requirem IERE C2Gate Window PCR	ents from
1. Company & product Identification		No additional content required.	
2. Issuing party and v	erification information		
Non-comparability statement	Include the following statement: "Transparency Reports™ / environmental product declarations enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. They are designed to present information transparently to make the limitations of comparability more understandable. TRs/EPDs of products that conform to the same PCR and include the same life cycle stages, but are made by different manufacturers, may not sufficiently align to support direct comparisons. They therefore, cannot be used as comparative assertions unless the conditions defined in ISO 14025 Section 6.7.2. 'Requirements for Comparability' are satisfied."	Requirement: Page 16, section include a disclaimer stating the is informational only and does performance. Action Add to the existing statement: "The TR / EPD and PCR process is informational only and does not warranty performance." *Each program operator can deter- template.	Add to TR* page Page 2 Non- comparability statement
3. LCA results			
Material composition	What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table declaring the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered proprietary by the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or function. Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range of mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that can adversely affect human health and/or the environment, in all stages of the life cycle.	Requirement: Page 14, section hazardous to human health ar present in at least 0.1% of the the packaging) shall be disclose substances on the Candidate of High Concern shall be disclose Action List any material hazardous to human health and the environment present in at least 0.1% of the window	d the environment window (not including sed. At a minimum, List Substances of Very
Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info-	Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'.	Requirement: Page 11, section 3.9: All LCIA of must be in SI (metric) units. Optionally, IP (Englishing the added in parentheses.ActionAdd to TR parentheses	
graphics See Appendix C for LCA results tables	List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions. Indicate the impact assessment version used.	Report LCA results in SI units using preferred basic units	Everywhere LCA results are reported



Requirement : Page 9, section 3.3: While the PCR does not state whether to include emissions in the EPD, it is required by ISO 21930. Here is the text from the PCR: <i>All known emissions to air, water and soil shall be included.</i>	
Add to TR page	Action
	Include emissions to air, water and soil
le and non-renewable) shall he higher heating value and lared units. The amount of vable materials used shall be	Requirement : Page 14, secti primary energy (renewable ar be disclosed, based on the hi expressed as MJ per declared renewable and non-renewable disclosed in units of kg per de
Add to TR page	Action
r Page 4	Include renewable and non-renewable primary energy (based on higher heating value, MJ/DU), and renewable and non- renewable materials (kg/DU) in a table formatted substantially similar to that in Appendix A of the PCR
rdous wastes produced shall	Requirement: Page 14, section hazardous and non-hazardou be disclosed in units of kg per
Add to TR page	Action
Page 4 lix	Include hazardous and non-hazardous waste flows (kg/DU) in a table formatted substantially similar to that in Appendix A of the PCR
	Requirement: Page 14, section fresh water use shall be disclo
Add to TR page	Action
d hat Page 4	Include freshwater output flows in a table formatted substantially similar to that in Appendix A of the PCR
	<u> </u>

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Important parameters within the LCA, what are the major contributions What things have range or variations, and the relevance	 Report: All processes or materials that have a contribution of 20% or more in any of the LCA results (= relevant impacts) A sensitivity analysis for the most important choices and assumptions must be performed to check the robustness of the results of the LCA. Indicate which influence the results in any environmental parameter by more than 20%. State the chosen approach for these parameters. Topics include: The impact of the geographical & technological variation over the different production locations. The variation due to variation in the average composition. The variation due to averaging for drawing up a 'group-average'. For above, use the highest and lowest values in the sensitivity analysis. Outliers can be disregarded. Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about them? 	Requirement: Page 14, section explain the results of the sense describing their implication on EPD results. Action Revise sensitivity analysis to include explanation describing certainty of the results	itivity analyses,
5. Relevant additional environmental data/certifications related to environmental performance		No additional content required	I.
6. Relevant product manufacturing/strategy about environmental ambition/programs		No additional content required	i.



TR/EPD compatibility evaluation form

PCR name

PCR date and/or description / URL

Use this form to identify additional content required to create a TR/EPD compliant with this PCR. Evaluate each TR/EPD content category relative to the PCR's requirements. Indicate the additional content in the right column.

Content list	What a TR/EPD must communicate to be useful & be ISO 14025 Type III environmental declaration	Additional content requirements from PCR Provide explanation or excerpts as needed
1. Company & produc	t Identification	
Brand identification – company logo, product logo		
Company contact info	Name, corporate address, URL	
Product photo(s)	As it looks when delivered	
Product name(s)/ID(s)	That the market recognizes	
Product(s) description	Description of what it does for the end-user, standards followed (e.g. EN 13310:2003, Kitchen sinks – Functional requirements and test methods), dimensions of the product(s), the use and/or area of application, material type, sub-category, the represented site(s)/plant(s), and other pertinent physical properties and technical information	
Product identification (e.g. model number)		
Part B / PCR identification	Reference the Part B / PCR used to create the TR/EPD. Include who the Part B / PCR review was conducted by. (e.g. Part B review conducted by the Sustainable Minds TAB, tab@sustainableminds.com)	
	Functional performance	
	User inserts product category-specific attribute list with scores. Required to be on the market or industry-accepted attributes.	
Performance Dashboard	Potential environmental performance	
	Declared product unit	
	Single figure scores by Sustainable Minds impact scores and life cycle stage (optional)	
	Functional performance	
Attributes	Additional attributes that describe product performance, but not required to satisfy a minimum legal standard.	
Aundules	Potential environmental performance	
	Attributes that are relevant to the LCA results and have shown to reduce the footprint by more than 10% in any environmental parameter.	
	Functional performance	
Certifications	Mandatory and optional	
Gentifications	Potential environmental performance	
	Mandatory and optional	
2. Issuing party and v	erification information	
Issuing party information	Name, program name, address, logo, website	



Third-party verifier	Name, postal address, phone number, website, email	
information (when relevant) Release date, valid until (5	address	
years after release date, or as specified by the PCR)		
Reference to full LCA report	Include title, release date, and software type and version used	
Non-comparability statement	Include the following statement: "Transparency Reports™ / environmental product declarations enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. They are designed to present information transparently to make the limitations of comparability more understandable. TRs/EPDs of products that conform to the same PCR and include the same life cycle stages, but are made by different manufacturers, may not sufficiently align to support direct comparisons. They therefore, cannot be used as comparative assertions unless the conditions defined in ISO 14025 Section 6.7.2. 'Requirements for Comparability' are satisfied."	
	Choose one of the following:	
	Verified report and LCA results	
Verification level	 Self-declared report with ISO 14044 3rd party reviewed LCA results 	
	Self-declared report with self-declared LCA results	
Verification statement	Include statement of verification (e.g. The LCA and background report are independently verified to the Sustainable Minds Transparency Report [™] / EPD Framework and ISO 14025.)	
	Choose one of the following	
Coore	Cradle-to-grave (max)	
Scope	Cradle-to-gate with options	
	Cradle-to-gate (min)	
Time coverage	Indicate the year for which primary data have been collected.	
3. LCA results		
Functional unit quantified performance of a product system for use as a reference unit (for cradle-to-grave)	In the functional unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application, reference service life (RSL)	
Declared unit (for cradle-gate or cradle-to- gate with options)	In the declared unit description, include: Quantity, performance, application	
Material composition	What's in the product – list contents larger than 1% by weight, describe remainder in aggregate. Include the product and other materials that are within the scope of this report. Create a table declaring the product composition information. Materials that exist in the product that are considered proprietary by the manufacturer may be described with a generic descriptor which includes role and/or function. Additionally, where necessary, materials may be reported with a corresponding reasonable range of mass percentages for which they exist in the product or product range. Table headers: Component Material % by weight Additionally, specify materials and substances that	
	can adversely affect human health and/or the environment, in all stages of the life cycle.	



Numeric LCA results (defined by TRACI, needed for LEED, millipoints), broken down in cradle-to-gate, use phase and end-of-life; info- graphics	Inclusion of [A1], [A2], [A3] are a mandatory minimum and for 'cradle-to-gate'. 'Cradle-to-grave' studies need to include all life cycle stages. All other studies are referred to as 'cradle-to-gate with options'. List the inclusions & exclusions for the following and add explicit details about exclusions.	
See Appendix C for LCA results tables	Indicate the impact assessment version used.	

4. Variations that drive performance

4. variations that drive p		
Important parameters within the LCA, what are the major contributions What things have range or variations, and the relevance	 Report: All processes or materials that have a contribution of 20% or more in any of the LCA results (= relevant impacts) A sensitivity analysis for the most important choices and assumptions must be performed to check the robustness of the results of the LCA. Indicate which influence the results in any environmental parameter by more than 20%. State the chosen approach for these parameters. 	
	 Topics include: The impact of the geographical & technological variation over the different production locations. The variation due to variation in the average 	
Results Interpretation	 composition. The variation due to averaging for drawing up a 'group-average'. For above, use the highest and lowest values in the sensitivity analysis. Outliers can be disregarded. Allocation of recycling processes. Allocation of multi- input and multi-output processes. What's causing the greatest impacts, in which life cycle stages, and what is the company doing about them? 	
5. Relevant additional er to environmental perfor	nvironmental data/certifications related mance	
	 All declared data and/or certifications require reference and must conform to the applicable standards for the region declared in the functional unit. This can include: Certificate logos, certificate numbers, and/or other references. Use logos when possible, linked to the organization's web site. For cradle-to-gate TRs/EPDs, the following may be qualitatively reported if known: Other products not included in assessment needed for product to serve intended function Anticipated replacement cycle of product Intended use Potential waste treatment scenarios Statements that relate to the scope of the TR/EPD Additional environmental statements which are mandatory through legislation, even for stages of the life cycle that are not part of the scope 	

6. Relevant product man environmental ambition	nufacturing/strategy about /programs	
	 Relevant to LCA results Content about programs, strategies, and successes relevant to the potential environmental performance of the product. Detailed stories and images about potential environmental performance improvement methods and techniques such as: closed-loop recycling, up-cycling, renewable energy, sustainable supply chain efforts, etc. 	