March 6, 2024 | Sustainable Minds | Contact Kim Hammer (kim@sustainableminds.com)

EPD use case goal: 1,2

1, 2 or 3

EPD use levels are cumulative. Transparency is the baseline. To create a 'Data source' conformant PCR, all criteria in all checklists must be documented.

1. Program Operator (PO) checklist Version 1.0, May 25, 2022 | ACLCA PCR Open Standard 2022

						3 Data source	
Categories	#	Criteria	ISO reference	Supporting documentation	EPD use	2 Procurement	
						1 Transparency	
	Ground	ules				How criteria were met	Due
Organizational	_ 1	Prior to using the ACLCA PCR Guidance 2022 to develop PCRs, the PO shall use this guidance to develop and publish conformant program instructions that describe the process of PCR development aligned with ISO/TS 14027.	This guidance	General program instructions (governance document): • ACLCA PCR Guidance 2022 conformant statement with version number	1 Transparency	Updated program instructions published to SM website http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/SM_Governance _and_program_rules.pdf	Complete
	☑ 2	PO shall use this checklist to guide the creation of a PCR, identify how criteria were met, and provide the completed Program Operator Checklist and PCR Review Panel Checklist to the PCR Review Panel.	This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: Completed checklist	1 Transparency	Completed checklists saved with the PCR supporting documentation.	Complete
	3	PO shall be the secretariat of the PCR and manage an open and transparent process to develop or update a PCR. This process shall include public notices prior to PCR development and an open consultation process with interested parties while the PCR Committee remains active. PO shall publish the intention to develop (or update) a PCR on its website, in relevant industry and trade publications and/or news services, and through centralized notification mechanisms. The announcements shall include contact information that allows interested parties to request more information about participation in the PCR development or review process. Interested parties may include material suppliers, manufacturers, trade associations, purchasers (such as architects, designers, specifiers, contractors, and engineers), users, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), and public agencies.	14027 Clause 6.4.1	PCR supporting documentation: Date(s) announcement(s) were posted and where	1 Transparency	Public notice on the Sustainable Minds website announcing the new bidet seat Part B on March 21, 2023: http://www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-b/ Public notice on the Sustainable Minds website announcing the renewal of existing Part Bs on February 23, 2023: http://www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-b/ Email blast on March 24, 2023 to mailing lists of LCA professionals, building and construction industry and trade associations, and manufacturers with published transparency documentation listed in the Transparency Catalog under the plumbing CSI Masterformat Division (22 00 00).	Complete
	☑ 4	PO shall determine whether to create a new PCR or to adapt an existing PCR from other geographic regions. The PO shall justify the determination in the PCR.	14027 Clause 6.4.2, 6.4.3	PCR: • Identify existing PCRs considered, and provide justification for creating a new PCR. • If new, identify the supporting LCA. • Describe how existing PCRs will be adapted.	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑ 5	PO shall evaluate upstream and downstream PCRs in the value chain to be considered for alignment. PO shall list relevant PCRs in the PCR. <i>Note: Also see Criterion 15 for the process of determining when a PCR may be updated.</i>	14044 14027 Clause 6.4.3 This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: Identify existing upstream PCRs for the major inputs to the product(s) considered in the PCR. Describe differences in allocation rules or other potential conflicts and how they were resolved. Identify existing downstream PCRs that use products/materials from the PCR and how inconsistencies were resolved.	3 Data source	N/A	N/A
	☑ 6	PO shall harmonize PCR activities with other EPD programs to avoid unnecessary duplication and proliferation of similar PCRs, and align on mutual recognition agreement (MRA) requirements. PO shall list relevant PCRs in the PCR. Note: Refer to both the ACLCA's PCR library and the North American PCR Catalog: Building & Construction Materials https://www.transparencycatalog.com/na-pcr-catalog-building products	14029 Clause 7, 9.2	PCR supporting documentation: Identify whether this criteria is applicable. Identify other POs engaged to harmonize PCR activities and opportunities explored (joint development of new, merging, application of existing, or adaption of existing). MRA between POs one exists.	1 Transparency	Addressed in Program operator responsibilities section of each Part B.	Complete
	✓ 7	PO shall publish and implement procedures for an appeals mechanism to ensure prompt and impartial handling of procedural complaints regarding any action or inaction of the PCR Committee, PCR Review Panel, or Program Operator.	14027 Clause 6.4.4	General program instructions (governance document): • Explanation of appeals process	1 Transparency	Addressed in section 10.0 of the governance document.	Complete
	☑ 8	PO should include a method for addressing data quality in its general program instructions. Note: Refer to the addendum "Assessing Data Quality of Background Life Cycle Inventory Datasets" for an example data quality assessment method.		General program instructions (governance document): • Method for Data Quality Assessment	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	PCR co	nmittee formation				How criteria were met	Due
						The state of the s	

	PO shall actively reach out to interested parties (including parties outside the PO's country or region) to ensure that the PCR Committee is composed of independent members, making sure that the interests of one party do not dominate the PCR development process. No single interested party category (at individual, organizational, or sectoral levels) shall dominate the membership of a PCR Committee. Interested parties may include material suppliers, manufacturers, trade associations, purchasers (such as architects, designers, specifiers, contractors, and engineers), users, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), and public agencies.	14025 Clause 5.5, 6.5, & 9.3 14027 Clause 6.4.1 and 6.4.2	PCR: - List of PCR Committee members with employer and/or other entity on behalf of which they are participating. PCR supporting documentation: - Description of interested party outreach efforts and explanation of interested parties that did not participate.	1 Transparency	Working group members listed on page 1 of each Part B.	Complete
☑ 10	PO shall address potential conflicts of interest developing the PCR and fully disclose funding sources for the management to interested parties. If significant external funding was made by one or more parties to support the development, the PO should put in place procedures to ensure that no conflict of interest occurrs in the PCR process. Significant funding is defined as more than \$10,000 or its in-kind equivalent, or 20% or more of the anticipated funding needs.	Assessment of Environmental Performance Standards and Ecolabels for Federal Purchasing.	PCR supporing documentation: - The policy or procedure in use when the PCR was developed covering conflicts of interest, separation of organizational functions necessary to address any potential conflict of interest. - Attestation that this policy or procedure was followed during the development. The evidence must also include one of the following: - Documentation that original sources of funding were disclosed to interested parties, such as a disclosure statement, or in meeting minutes for relevant working groups.	1 Transparency	Conflict statement included in the Part B development information table of each Part B.	Complete
Content	of PCR				How criteria were met	Due
□ 11	The PCR shall report on the following items: Name and registration number of the PCR General information about the program: name of the program, contact information, logo, and website if applicable PCR Committee members and affiliations Publication date Expiration date and renewal schedule Types of product claims covered by the PCR, with references to standards Product category Geographical representativeness of the PCR Original language and translations (if existing) How to make comments to the PCR	14027 Clause 6.5	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items reported	1 Transparency	Part A section 1.1 addresses the use of SM PCRs to create ISO 14025 Type III environmental declarations, and also language availability. http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/SM_Part_A_LCA_ calculation_rules_and_report_requirements_2023.pdf All other items are addressed in each Part B.	- Complete
☑ 12	The PCR shall report the following information about the review process and background of the PCR: • Review panel member information • Open consultation period and participants • Other existing PCRs for the product category and reasons for developing a new one • Reference to underlying LCAs • Confirmation statement that the PCR was created in conformance with this ACLCA PCR Guidance (including version number)	14025 Clause 5.5, 8.2 14027 Clause 5.2, 6.4.4 14025 Clause 6.7.1, 6.7.2 14027 Clause 6.1, 6.4.3, 6.5.3, 7.1d	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items except 'open consultation period' PCR supporting documentation: • Open consultation period and participants	1 Transparency	All items except open consultation participants addressed in Part B. Aggregated public comments spreadsheet, including commenter names and committee responses, to be created and made available to the review panel.	Complete
PCR revi	ew process				How criteria were met	Due
☑ 13	PO shall set up an independent third-party review panel composed of a minimum of three members (a chair and two members). The combined competencies of the panel shall include, at a minimum, expertise in LCA and in the relevant product sector. Note: Refer to the PCR Review Panel Checklist for review panel expectations.	14027 Clause 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 14025 Clause 8.2.3	PCR: List of review panel members	1 Transparency	Working group members listed on page 1 of each Part B.	Complete
☑ 14	PO shall also set up an open consultation review.	14027 Clause 6.4.4, 7.3	PCR supporting documentation: • Date(s) open consultation period(s) announced, where/how, aggregated comments spreadsheet	1 Transparency	Aggregated public comments spreadsheet to be created and saved with the PCR supporting documentation.	Complete
15	PO shall ensure the PCR Review Panel provides comments within a 90-day period.	This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: • Date(s) PCR review period	1 Transparency	Due date less than 90 days provided to PCR reviewer (Aug 30 - Sep 15).	Complete

		indicate conformance with this guidance (including version number) and the EPD use case level. PO should not act as a barrier to translating the PCR and should act as a facilitator for the translation.		Conformance statement and EPD use case level		http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/pgds/Part_B Product_Group_Definition_Commercial_Urinals_2023.pdf - Electronic bidet seats http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/pgds/Part_B Product_Group_Definition_Electronic_Bidet_Seats_2023.pdf - Residential toilets http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/pgds/Part_B Product_Group_Definition_Residential_Toilets_2023.pdf Each Part B contains validity period, conformance statement, and EPD use case level. Part B page includes update details: http://www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-truty/www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-truty/sustainab	
V		To manage the expectations of PCR users, the PO shall post update information on its website at least four months in advance of the expiration date. The update options include: extending the current PCR, updating the PCR, or letting the PCR expire with no update. If information is not provided within this timeframe, other POs may proceed with the update and post PCR update information on their website.	This guidance	URL of PO's PCRs undergoing updates	1 Transparency	Public notice on the Sustainable Minds website announcing the new bidet seat Part B on March 21, 2023: http://www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-b Public notice on the Sustainable Minds website announcing the renewal of existing Part Bs on February 23, 2023: http://www.sustainableminds.com/transparency-report-program/part-b	Complete
V	18	To update a PCR during the validity period, the PO shall: 1. Notify the original PCR Committee members and original Review Panel. 2. Consult ISO 14027 to confirm the reason to update is valid. 3. Create or update the ACLCA PCR Guidance Checklists for the PCR. 4. Open consultation to interested parties. 5. Update the PCR. 6. Obtain sign-off by PCR Review Panel. 7. Republish an updated version and include a change log at the start of the document. 8. Announce the updated version and include a change log at the start of the document. 9. Update the ACLCA PCR Repository. In the case that an existing PCR does not meet the requirements for creating EPDs for public or private procurement purposes, the PO shall make an effort to first engage the commissioner of the PCR to reconvene the PCR Committee in order to make the required updates. If the PCR commissioner does not reconvene the PCR Committee within 30 days of the PO's request, then the PO may proceed to develop a new PCR using the existing PCR as an informative input document.	14027 Clause 9	PCR: • Valid update reason PCR supporting documentation: • Checklists	1 Transparency	The Part B development information table in each Part B lists an Update justification where relevant. For these plumbing Part Bs, updates were not made during the validity period. The process for updating a PCR during the validity period is included in section 9.0 of the governance document. http://www.ustainableminds.com/files/transparency/SM_Governance_and_program_rules.pdf	Complete
Ø		For substantial PCR updates (e.g., updates that impact the results of an EPD), the PO shall contact manufacturers in their program with valid EPDs and other POs to bring attention to the PCR changes and encourage that they update accordingly.	14027 Clause 9	PCR supporting documentation: • Description of notification and dates of outreach	1 Transparency	TOTO was identified as the only manufacturer with valid EPDs using the Part Bs being updated. TOTO and other POs were notified of updates via the committee outreach process.	
EPD :	temp	plate				How criteria were met	Due
V		PO shall create a standard EPD template to be used for all EPDs that can be customized per PCR to identify requirements unique to each. Consider both digital and print (PDF) publishing. Note: Refer to the 'EPD Comparatibility and Digital EPDs / Open EPD addendum. PO shall include a statement adjacent to the PCR name to indicate conformance with this guidance and the EPD use case level.	This guidance	PCR: • EPD template document prepared for this PCR • Statement text included in EPD template	1 Transparency	A standard EPD template is included in Appendix C of Part A. Under the name of each Part B is a statement indicating conformance to this guidance and the EPD use case level.	Complete

Goal and scope	V	Product categories shall be primarily defined and sufficiently described by product functionality, technical performance, and use. The PCR shall clearly define the product groups for which the rules apply, both by using descriptive language and by using the relevant codes for any of the existing classification systems relevant to the product category and region. Products NOT covered by the PCR shall be clearly listed (as a clarification when products are similar).	14027 Clause 8.1.1	PCR: • Draft PCR which includes all the items	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
		PO should ensure that the product classification systems are not to be the single determining factor for defining the product category. The PCR is encouraged to provide sufficient information to clearly describe the scope of products and services for which the rules apply.					

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EPD use case goal: 1,

1, 2 or 3

EPD use levels are cumulative. Transparency is the baseline. To create a 'Data source' conformant PCR, all criteria in all checklists must be documented.

2. PCR Committee checklist Version 1.0, May 25, 2022 | ACLCA PCR Open Standard 2022

Categories	#	Criteria	ISO reference	Supporting documentation	EPD use	3 Data source 2 Procurement 1 Transparency	
Documentation	Ground	ules				How criteria were met	Due
	✓ 1	PCR Committee shall use this checklist to guide the creation of a PCR, identify how criteria were met, and provide the completed checklist to the Program Operator to provide to the PCR Review Panel.	This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: • Completed checklist	1 Transparency	Completed checklists saved with the PCR supporting documentation.	Complete
	☑ 2	PCR Committee shall thoroughly document the use of an existing PCR as an informative document in any adaptation to create a new PCR. Include the PO name existing PCR name, product category classification, link to the existing PCR, and provide justification for adapting the existing PCR.	, 14027 Clause 6.4.3 and this guidance	PCR: • Link to PCR Committee's documentation of adaptation	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑ 3	PCR Committee shall respond to each comment from the PCR Review Panel and public consultation. Responses should address any conflicting comments provided by the PCR Review Panel.	This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: • Link to PCR Committee's documented public response to comments and consultation on PO's website (aggregated comments spreadsheet).	1 Transparency	Aggregated public comments and review panel comments, including committee responses, created and published on the SM website with the PCR supporting documentation.	Complete
	☑ 4	PCR Committee shall provide a limited description of the involvement of interested parties for open consultation. Specifically, the PCR should provide: • The name and/or affiliation of the stakeholders who participated in the open consultation. • The dates of the open consultation period. Public consultation should be utilize during the PCR review process. The public consultation of the completed draft PCR should include at a minimum a 30-calendar-day time period for comments to be submitted.	14025 Clause 5.5 d 14027 Clause 5.2, 6.4.4	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes list of participating interested parties and dates of consultation period.	1 Transparency	Open consultation period listed in 'Open consultation' section of the Part B development table. Aggregated public comments spreadsheet, including commenter names and committee responses, to be created and made available to the review panel.	Complete
Compliance	☑ 5	PCR Committee shall ensure that the underlying LCA meets the requirements of IS 14044 and other pertinent standards and that, according to these standards, it has either been critically reviewed by a third party or has undergone an internal verification, either by the PCR Committee itself or appointed independent LCA expert.	8.1.3, 8.2.1, 8.2.2	PCR supporting documentation: Link to documentation of LCA review or internal verification.	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑ 6	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR is compliant with any referenced standards and relevant program instructions under which it is developed.		PCR: • List of referenced standards and link to relevant program instructions.	1 Transparency	Use of each Part B in conjunction with SM Part A is addressed in Program operator responsibilities section of each Part B. SM Part A section 1.1. lists the standards required for conformance. The last section of each Part B contains a link to where to find the SM program instructions (governance document).	Complete
	☑ 7	PCR Committee shall establish LCA requirements that are consistent with ISO 14044. The PCR Committee is encouraged to develop end-use case scenarios for the PCR-compliant EPDs and to incorporate considerations for these use cases interest the underlying LCA.	14025 Clause 6.7.1, 6.7.2 14027 Clause 5.1, 6.1, 6.5.3, 7.1d	PCR supporting documentation: • Third-party reviewed ISO 14040/44 conformant LCA of the product categories under consideration. The LCA will reflect cases in which the EPD may be interpreted in use.	1 Transparency	A link to the underlying LCA is included in the Program operator responsibilities section of each Part B.	Complete
	Ground	ules				How criteria were met	Due
Goal and scope	☑ 8	PCR Committee shall ensure that all rules for LCA are specified and harmonized wupstream and downstream PCRs (if available) in conformance with relevant standards, including: specification of the functional unit, scope of the study, invento collection, any allocation rules, impact assessment, and rules for additional information.	14044	PCR: • Draft PCR with list of specifications	3 Data source	N/A	N/A
	☑ 9	PCR Committee shall ensure that the product category used in the underlying LCA supporting the PCR is directly applicable to the PCR.	14025 Clause 3.14, 6.6, 6.7.2 14027 Clause 6.5.2, 6.5.3	PCR: • Specification and justification of the product category and applicable functional unit.	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑ 10	PCR Committee shall define the study scope and EPD type for construction product and services.	21930 Clause 5.2.1, 5.2.2	PCR: • Draft PCR with specification of scope as cradle-to-gate or cradle-to-gate with options or cradle-to-grave.	1 Transparency	Each Part B specifies the scope as as cradle-to-grave.	Complete
	☑ 11	PCR Committee shall ensure that a clearly defined and measurable functional or declared unit is included in the PCR for construction products and services.	21930 Clause 7.1.2, 7.1.3	PCR: Draft PCR with detailed description of the application and suitability of defining functional and declared units, respectively.	1 Transparency	Each Part B provides a description of the functional unit.	Complete
	☑ 12	The PCR Committee shall determine which EPD types may be developed (ex: product-specific, industry-wide) and state the specific data requirements for each type. Any other terminology describing types of EPDs should be discouraged. <i>Note Refer to the 'EPD Types'</i> addendum for descriptions.	ISO 21930 Annex B and 'EPD Types' addendum	PCR: • Draft PCR with description of the EPD types with specific data requirements	1 Transparency	Each Part B specifies EPD type under the name of the Part B. Specific data requirements are listed in the Additional rules to Part A section of each Part B.	Complete

	Syst	em b	oundary				How criteria were met	Due
	☑		PCR Committee shall determine the level of granularity of unit processes specified by the PCR to be included in the underlying LCA supporting the EPD and ensure that these are consistent with the study's goal of using well-identified and explained criteria.	14044 4.2.3.3 14027 Clause 6.5.3 21930 Clause 7.1.9 for construction products & services	PCR: • Draft PCR with list of all unit processes that include all service, material, and energy flows directly connected to the study project and its ability to perform its function.	3 Data source	N/A	N/A
	Ø		PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR requires: 1) at minimum, a cradie-to-gate[1] system boundary and that any deviation is explicitly specified and justified; and 2) the use of the recycled content (i.e., cut-off) approach for end-of-life allocation of environmental burdens between product systems. [1] "Gate" represents the finished and packaged product at the manufacturing facility just prior to shipping.	14044 Clause 4.2.3.3.1 14025 6.7.2b, 6.7.2c, 6.7.2j, 7.2.5 14027 6.5.3b, 6.5.6	PCR: • Draft specification of the system boundary and justification of any system boundary minimum requirement deviations (where applicable).	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑		PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies the capital goods and infrastructure to be included in cases whenever it is feasible. The PCR Committee is encouraged to specify lifetimes or standardized methods of computing lifetimes, as well as the depreciation method utilized to allocate the burden of capital goods over their service period, with any deviations from the default approach explicitly specified and justified.	This guidance	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	V	16	PCR Committee shall develop scenarios representing a set of domain-specific standard guidelines for any and each life cycle stage to be included beyond cradle-togate (i.e., A1-A3) in the PCR scope and require LCA results for these be reported. The PCR shall also prescribe assumptions for scenarios in cases where there is no discernable difference between one product and another in the same category for use and end-of-life stages. The PCR Committee should include criteria in the PCR for deviation from the prescribed scenarios.		PCR: • Where applicable, list of scenarios and associated assumptions.	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	☑	17	PCR Committee shall specify whether the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (i.e., Module D) are to be included in the EPD. If so, the PCR shall describe the specific scenario(s), benefits, and loads to be considered and reported separately in relevant EPDs communicating the full life cycle (cradle-to-grave) impacts of a product. <i>Note: Refer to the 'Circular Scenarios (Module D)' addendum</i> .	This guidance and 'Circular Scenarios (Module D)' addendum	PCR: • Where applicable, list of scenarios and concomitant benefits and loads to be included.	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	Data	colle	ection				How criteria were met	Due
Life cycle inventory	✓	18	PCR Committee shall prescribe acceptable primary data collection practices and clearly specify the scope and data quality for secondary data with recommendations for use of specific datasets or databases facilitating this process. Datasets used for calculations shall have been updated within the last 10 years for background data and within the last 5 years for producer-specific (foreground) data; deviations shall be justified. Where databases are required, alternatives or modifications shall be proposed for geographic areas or technologies beyond the scope of the specified dataset(s). Any deviation from the recommended background (secondary) datasets in the PCR shall be clearly specified and justified. In addition, the PCR shall require EPDs to disclose the reporting period for primary and secondary data. Note: Refer to the 'Assessing Data Quality of Background Life Cycle Inventory Datasets' addendum.	ISO 21930 Clause 7.1.9 and 'Data Quality and Secondary Background Datasets' addendum	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items	2 Procurement	n/a	N/A
7								
	☑	19	PCR Committee shall identify and ensure that the PCR specifies the selected LCIA indicators or additional information requirements for which relevant inventory information shall be collected.	14025 Clause 7.2.2, 7.2.3 14027 Clause 6.5.4, 6.5.5, 6.6	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items	1 Transparency	SM Part A includes the list of selected LCIA indicators.	Complete
-			indicators or additional information requirements for which relevant inventory	14027 Clause 6.5.4, 6.5.5, 6.6		1 Transparency 2 Procurement	SM Part A includes the list of selected LCIA indicators.	Complete N/A
	V	20	indicators or additional information requirements for which relevant inventory information shall be collected. PCR Committee shall specify, based on the underlying LCA and/or additional studies informing the PCR, all the data that are to be collected (rather than specifying cut-off	14027 Clause 6.5.4, 6.5.5, 6.6 14025 Clause 7.2.3, 7.2.4 14027 Clause 6.6	Draft PCR that includes all items PCR:		SM Part A includes the list of selected LCIA indicators. N/A	
	✓ ✓	20	indicators or additional information requirements for which relevant inventory information shall be collected. PCR Committee shall specify, based on the underlying LCA and/or additional studies informing the PCR, all the data that are to be collected (rather than specifying cut-off criteria for the inventory). PCR Committee shall specify the type of data to be collected. The committee is encouraged to follow standard data collection examples for foreground (primary) data collection.	14027 Clause 6.5.4, 6.5.5, 6.6 14025 Clause 7.2.3, 7.2.4 14027 Clause 6.6 21930 Clause 7.1.9	Draft PCR that includes all items PCR: Draft PCR that includes all items PCR:	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	✓ ✓	20 21 qual	indicators or additional information requirements for which relevant inventory information shall be collected. PCR Committee shall specify, based on the underlying LCA and/or additional studies informing the PCR, all the data that are to be collected (rather than specifying cut-off criteria for the inventory). PCR Committee shall specify the type of data to be collected. The committee is encouraged to follow standard data collection examples for foreground (primary) data collection.	14027 Clause 6.5.4, 6.5.5, 6.6 14025 Clause 7.2.3, 7.2.4 14027 Clause 6.6 21930 Clause 7.1.9	Draft PCR that includes all items PCR: Draft PCR that includes all items PCR:	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A N/A Due

23	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies background (secondary) data quality requirements such that differences between claim results are rooted in actual technical differences, rather than artifacts of background data or the platform. If a secondary data source does not meet the required quality specified by the PCR, it shall be verified by the program operator that better data is not available. Note: Refer to the 'Assessing Data Quality of Background Life Cycle Inventory Datasets' addendum which provides a data quality assessment method. For example, as detailed in this addendum, the most recent version of background data for baseline electricity from Federal LCA Commons met the data quality requirements and is recommended to be specified across PCRs (with the LCI and method compatible with the Federal Elementary Flow List (FEDEFL) from https://www.lcacommons.gov/ .	Assessing Data Quality of Background Life Cycle Inventory Datasets' addendum	PCR: • Draft PCR with list of background (secondary) data sources and default LCIA method(s)	2 Procurement	n/A	N/A
Foregrou	nd/primary data				How criteria were met	Due
☑ 24	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies primary data be collected for every process in the product system under the control of the organization making the product claim. The PCR Committee is encouraged to specify that data specific to the investigated product scope and supply chain are preferable to generic data, particularly in unit processes considered to have a significant contribution to the product life cycle. For EPDs seeking transparency-level conformance with this guidance, the PCR shall require the following: EPDs that use secondary data for any unit process that contributes 30% or more to any disclosed environmental impact category shall disclose the data source (database name and version, dataset name, dataset geography, and dataset allocation method).	This guidance	PCR supporting documentation: • Foreground (primary) data collected in conducting the underlying LCA, and the sensitivity of LCIA outcomes to variability in the foreground data. A facility-specific data collection protocol shall also be included.	1 Transparency	SM Part A section 7.6 states that primary data shall be collected for every process in the product system under the control of the organization(s) developing the LCA. Each Part B contains a statement in the Additional rules to Part A section which states: EPDs that use secondary data for any unit process that contributes %% or more to any disclosed environmental impact category shall disclose the data source (database name and version, dataset name, dataset geography, and dataset allocation method) Each underlying LCA lists primary data collected and includes an analysi on sensitivity or variability.	Complete
☑ 25	For EPDs seeking procurement-level conformance with this guidance, the PCR shall require that EPDs use facility-specific data for upstream unit processes that cumulatively contribute 50% or more to the disclosed global warming potential. In situations where facility-specific data is not available for the upstream unit processes, and such a facility is required to report to the EPA Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program (GHGRP), the PCR shall require the EPD to disclose in the Additional Environmental Information section: the carbon intensity of the manufacturing plant (carbon emitted per metric ton of product manufactured) from which these products, and/or the quartile in which in which the manufacturing plant resides where benchmarks have been published [https://www.epa.gov/ghgreporting/ghgp-minerals]. Carbon intensity shall be calculated by dividing the emissions reported to the EPA GHGRP by plant production. Emission and production data must be from the same reporting period using the most recent year of data. When a published ENERGY STAR Energy Performance Indicator is available for a product or constituent upstream product, the PCR shall require the EPD to disclose in the Additional Environmental Information section: the ENERGY STAR Energy Performance Score for the manufacturing plant in which the product or constituent upstream product was manufactured, and the reporting period of the underlying data. See https://www.energystar.gov/industrial_plants/energy_star_plant_certification/buy_clean_procurement_and_energy_star_0 for more information.	This guidance	PCR: • Draft PCR that includes all items	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
☑ 26	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies the means by which primary data should be collected and may provide templates to facilitate harmonized data collection, metadata recording, and results reporting, if the specified data collection means are unachievable for a specific EPD developer, the PCR shall designate that the developer records the data collection method(s) utilized in the data description.	14025 Clause 6.7.2	PCR: • Specification of data collection methods (e.g., measured, calculated, estimated)	1 Transparency	SM Part A section 7.6 states: The method of data collection shall be specified (e.g., measured, calculated, estimated).	Complete

27	PCK Committee shall specify all parameters of assumed scenarios for use and end- of-life stages so as to ensure comparability and consistency of results. If a manufacturer wishes to define their own scenario(s), they shall be based on primary data	'Circular Scenarios (Module D)' and the 'Allocating Materials Shared Across	PCR: • List of parameters for use and end-of-life stage scenarios	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
28	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR provides worst-case (i.e., 'conservative') default values for scenario data of the specified processes where no data are available for the EPD developer.	This guidance	PCR: • List of worst-case (i.e., 'conservative') default scenario values	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
a com	pliance				How criteria were met	Due
29		14027 Clause 6.6	PCR: • An underlying LCA with supporting LCIA and LCI for all PCR guidelines	1 Transparency	Each underlying LCA contains relevant supporting LCA results.	Complete
30	data applicable for use in claims. These data shall be verified to be compliant with	This guidance	PCR: • Data quality assessment criteria and/or template	3 Data source	N/A	N/A
31	America, LCI and method compatible with the Federal Elementary Flow List (FEDEFL) from https://www.lcacommons.gov/). * Temporal, geographical, and technological coverage of the secondary data is compatible with the scope of the PCR. * System boundaries are equivalent, and reference flows are adaptable to the	'Assessing Data Quality of Background Life Cycle Inventory Datasets' and the 'Allocating Materials Shared Across Product	PCR: • Draft PCR with list of background (secondary) data sources and default LCIA method(s)	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
cation	1				How criteria were met	Due
32	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies which processes are to be subdivided if allocation can be avoided in this manner wherever feasible. The PCR shall also provide guidelines on how the subdivision should be performed.	14025 Clause 6.7.1c, 6.7.2c 14027 Clause 6.5.3	PCR • Draft PCR that lists processes and subdivision method	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
33	PCR Committee shall ensure the PCR specifies that where allocation by physical relationship is applied, the PCR shall specify the relevant underlying physical relationships to be considered and establish or refer to the relevant allocation rules.	14025 Clause 6.7.1c, 6.7.2c 14027 Clause 6.5.3	PCR • Draft PCR that includes specification	1 Transparency	Allocation rules are listed in section 8 of SM Part A.	Complete
34	PCR Committee should refer to relevant standards for defining allocation procedures for reuse and recycling, as well as waste handling, and for scenarios for treating waste generation during the product life cycle.	14044 Clause 4.3.4 21930 Clause 7.1.7.2.7	PCR • Draft PCR that includes specification	1 Transparency	Allocation regarding output of waste per ISO standards is listed in section 8 of SM Part A.	Complete
35	processes that produce more than one product or deliver more than one service. For example, the refining of crude oil produces more than one different product, such as liquefied petroleum gas, gasoline, naphtha, diesel, asphalt, and others. PCR Committee shall refer to rules prohibiting system expansion as a method for avoiding allocation for construction products that may involve the production of co-	14044 Clause 4.3.4.2 21930 Clause 7.2.5	PCR • Draft PCR including allocation method and procedure (where applicable)	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
of life	e scenario				How criteria were met	Due
36	PCR Committee shall prescribe ISO-compliant rules for allocation between product systems (across the system boundary) and designate whether Module D may be optionally reported in the EPD for construction products and services. If so, the PCR shall prescribe detailed calculation rules for any quantitative metrics reported therein. Note: Refer to the 'Allocating Burdens and Benefits of Materials Shared Across Product Systems'addendum.	21930 Clause 7.2.6	PCR: • Draft PCR with allocation rules and calculation rules	2 Procurement	N/A	N/A
	28 3 a com 29 30 31 31 32 33 34	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR provides worst-case (i.e., 'conservative') details to the product state of the specified processes where no data are available for the EPD developer. PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR provides worst-case (i.e., 'conservative') default values for scenario data of the specified processes where no data are available for the EPD developer. PCR Committee shall ensure that claims made in the PCR are based on the results of an LCIA, LCI, and/or substantiated and verifiable additional information modules relevant to the product category. PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR states data quality requirements for all data applicable for use in claims. These data shall be verified to be compliant with the established PCR data quality requirements and those for foreground (primary) and background (secondary) data. The PCR shall specify that a data quality requirements and those for foreground (primary) and background (secondary) data. The PCR shall specify that a data quality remover templates to facilitate harmonized primary data collection, assessment, reporting, and verification. Note: Refer to the 'Assessing Data Quality of Background (secondary) data according to the secondary data and verification. Note: Refer to the 'Assessing Data Quality of Background (secondary) data sources be specified and verified such that: Data for electricity, transportation, basic fuels, and heavy equipment operation are the most current versions from common public background data (e.g., for North America, LCI and method compatible with the Secondary data is compatible with the scope of the PCR. System boundaries are equivalent, and reference flows are adaptable to the product system specified in the PCR. System boundaries are equivalent, and reference flows are adaptable to the product system specified in the PCR. System boundaries are equivalent, and reference flows are adaptable to the product system specified in the PCR with the publication procedure in the product system specified	and continue when to define their own scenario(s), they shall be based on primary manufacturer wishes to define their own scenario(s), they shall be based on primary manufacturer wishes to define their own scenario(s), they shall be based on primary materials Shared Across Product Systems' addendu PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR provides worst-case (i.e., 'conservative') default values for scenario data of the specified processes where no data are available for the EPD developer. PCR Committee shall ensure that claims made in the PCR are based on the results of an LCIA, LCI, and/or substantiated and verifiable additional information modules relevant to the product category. PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR states data quality requirements for all data applicable for use in claims. These data shall be verified to be compliant with the established PCR data quality requirements and those for foreground (primary) assessment be performed on all collected foreground (primary) data and may provide templates to facilitate harmonized primary data collection, assessment, reporting, and verification. Note: Nefer to the Assessing Data Quality for Beckground Life Cycle Inventory Datasets' addendum. PCR Committee shall ensure that PCR-designated background (secondary) data sources be specified and verified such that: • Data for electricity, transportation, basic fuels, and heavy equipment operation are the most current versions from common public background (secondary) data is compatible with the scope of the PCR. • System boundaries are equivalent, and reference flows are adaptable to the product system specified in the PCR specifies which processes are to be a subdivised if allocation can be avoided in this manurer wherever feasible. The PCR shall also provide guidelines on how the subdivision should be performed. PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR specifies which processes are to be a shall an account of the population of th	PCR: Committee shall ansure that the PCR provides worth-case (i.e., conservative). This guidance 10 Committee shall ansure that the PCR provides worth-case (i.e., conservative). This guidance 10 Committee shall ansure that the PCR provides worth-case (i.e., conservative). This guidance 10 Committee shall ansure that the PCR provides worth-case (i.e., conservative). This guidance 10 Committee shall ansure that the PCR provides worth-case (i.e., conservative). This guidance 10 Committee shall ansure that the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the PCR and the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the PCR shall shall be welreful to be completed in the product classifier. These data shall be verified to be completed with an application for real in claims. These data shall shall be verified to be completed with an application for real in claims. These data shall be verified to be completed with an application for real in claims. 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These data shall be verified to be completed with the PCR shall shall be verified be completed with the PCR shall shall be verified be completed with the PCR shall shall be really applicated for the power to be performed on all collected foregoring displayed that a data cquility applicates to freeling the PCR. 10 and pCR shall shall shall be performed as the power shall ensure that PCR designated background (secondary) data as concess be specified and verified background (secondary) data as concess be specified and verified background (secondary) data as concess be specified and verified background (secondary) data as appropriate with the score of the PCR. 10 and p	PCR: committee shall ensure that the PCR provides word-case (i.e., conservative) and product by planting words to define the form on secretaria(s), they shall be based on pinning product by planting words and in the PCR provides word-case (i.e., conservative) and in the PCR provides word-case (i.e., conservative) and in the PCR provides word-case (i.e., conservative) and in the PCR committee shall ensure that the PCR provides word-case (i.e., conservative) and in the PCR committee shall ensure that chains made in the PCR are based on the results of source that the PCR committee shall ensure that chains made in the PCR are based on the results of source that the pCR committee shall ensure that the PCR case data quality requirements for all other eastball ensure that the PCR case data quality requirements for all other eastball ensure that the PCR case data quality requirements for all other eastball ensures that the PCR case data quality requirements for all other eastball ensures that the PCR case data quality requirements for all other eastball ensures that the PCR data quality requirements on the pcr and provided to rule in claims. These data shall not worked to the complaint and provided in the pcr and pcr a	PCS: Commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and are consistent for the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the first place of the commisse that south and the commisse that place of the commisse that south and the commisse that place of the commisse that south and the commisse that south an

Life cycle impact assessment	☑ 37	7 1030 Clause 9 5		PCR: • Draft PCR including all items	1 Transparency	Core indicators are listed in section 9 of SM Part A.	Complete
Interpretation	☑ 38	PCR Committee shall identify the steps for interpreting the results of the underlying LCA study.	14044 Clause 4.5 21930 Clause 9	PCR: • Draft PCR including all items	1 Transparency	SM Part A section 9.3 includes steps for interpreting the results of a background LCA.	Complete
	☑ 39	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR communicates requirements (either qualitative or quantitative) and reference the methods and format used to report additional environmental information.	21930 Clause 8.4 14025 Clause 7.2.3, 7.2.4	PCR: Detailed specification on requirements and reference methods and format used to report additional environmental information.	1 Transparency	SM Part A section 10 includes a description of additional environmental information and the TR/EPD template in Appendix C showing placement of such information.	
	☑ 40	PCR Committee shall ensure that the PCR lists assumptions and limitations associated with the underlying LCA results.	14044 Clause 4.5.2.1	PCR: • Draft PCR including all items	1 Transparency	SM Part A section 5.2 includes a description of assumptions and limitations associated with TR/EPD results.	Complete
	⊿ 41	PCR Committee shall specify different types of uncertainties to be propagated in the underlying LCA study and is encouraged to ensure that the PCR describes procedures for reporting uncertainty of results.	14044 Clause 4.4.4.2 14025 6.7.1b	PCR: • Draft PCR including all items	1 Transparency	SM Part A states that uncertainty shall be addressed in the data quality assessment and may be addressed qualitatively or quantitatively.	Complete

guidance. All three completed checklists returned to the PO.

anel members.

Date	Revier name & email	Acceptance for EPD use case Level 1 (Y/N)
3-Mar-24	Jack Geibig - Ecoform. Jgeibig@ecoform.com	Yes
3-Mar-24	Hugues Imbeault-Tétreault - Groupe Ageco, hugues.i-tetreault@groupeageco.ca	Yes
3-Mar-24	Rebe Feraldi - Pacific Northwest National Lab, rebe.feraldi@pnnl.gov	Yes

Reviewer acceptance for EPD use case (1,2 or 3) Date | Reviewer names & email

@ 2022 ACLCA PCR Guidance 3 PCR Review Panel checklist Version 1.0 I 3/6/2024



Part B comments worksheet

SM Transparency Report™ Framework

Sustainable Minds, PCR Part B: Product group_Definition | Electronic bidet seats, 2024. http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/pgds/Part_B_Product_Group_Definition_Electronic_Bidet_Seats_2023.pdf.

Part B: Product group definition Version 2023

 Part B name:
 Electronic bidet seats

 Technical reviewers:
 Hugues Imbeault-Tétreault, Jack Geibig, Rebe Feraldi

Topic #	Page #_	Section #	Type of comment (Technical/editorial/other)	Reviewer comment	Reviewer's proposed change/solution	Response	Rationale
1	2	System boundary	Technical	The LCA cited form Rodrigues et al. included infrastructure in its system boundary. They did not identify infrastructure as a hot spot in the production stage.	Consider adding this as a justification for excluding infrastructure.	Accept	Proposed justification is an improvement.
2	2	Functional unit	Technical	The functional unit is not consistent with the geographical representativeness of the part B specified on page 1.	Change the representativeness of the functional unit.	Accept	Updated to remove geographical reference within functional unit since geographic representative is detailed elsewhere.
3	4	Operational energy use (B6)	Technical	Gallon is used.	Convert electricity consumption for water heating to kWh/m³ (or liter) since ISO 21930 compliance is sought.	Accept	SI units prioritized.
4	5	B7	Technical	Note 2: the link does not lead to a document.	Update link.	Accept	Broken link fixed.
5	5	B7	Technical	Note 3: the 2008 survey report does not seem to be available anymore.	Use 2012 survey report.	Accept	Referred to more recent survey report.
6	6	B7	Technical	Link to PMI PCR is broken.	Update link.	Accept	Broken link fixed.
7		General	Technical	The part B does not specify rules about industry- wide TR/EPD and benchmarking, although part A specifies that part B contains that information.	Add information or specify that the part B does not cover industry-wide TR/EPD.	Accept	Committee discussed possibility of industry-wide EPD creation and agreed that this set of Part Bs should not allow for their creation.
1	1		Edit	Non Part Parties states that "No interested parties were identified who did not participate in the working group."	Double negative. Perhaps reword to something like "all interested parties that were identified participated in the working group"	Accept	Removed double negative.
2	2		General/Tech	Functional Performance- 1 assume these are a list of the nationally accepted standards describing performed described in 4.8 of Part A? It is unclear in the Part B that these are required reporting. Also, some of the links arent active or even helpful. EPA link down. ASME link is to general catalog, etc.	Consider making clear whether reporting to these is required? Must all be reported? If not, how many must be, etc. As a reviewer I am not sure how to interpret this.	Accept	Added 'conformance not required for PCR conformance' to clarify reviewer expectations and to reflect Part A which says they 'can' be used to describe the application of the product
3	2		General	System boundary - references ISO 21930 directly for reqs and does not cite SM part A.	Why arent you referencing the SM Part A? If you go beyond or deviate from 21930, these references will not pick up the differences. The Part A also contains a more detailed set of requirements specific to system boundaries that reference additional ISO 21930 reqs. Consider modifying these references.	Accept	SM Part A conformant to ISO 21930 plus more detailed.
4	2		Functional Unit	Section states *with replacements"	The term "with replacements" does not belong in a functional unit as the replacements are technically not part of the "function" of the product. In addition, the need for replacements is obvious given the disparity fo the RSL to the 75 yr ESL, and are explicitly called out in the guidance for BS. Given the above, leaving this as is can lead to confusion	Accept	Replacements detailed in other sections.
5	2		Functional Unit	Section states *avg US residential environment*	Honestly, I don't think this is needed in the functional unit either, but is fine if you choose to keep it. The use scenario is described in detail in the scenario details for each module. Consider simplifying for unit to state "One electronic bidet seat used in a residential environment over the estimated service life of the building."	Accept	Updated to remove geographical reference within functional unit since geographic representative is detailed elsewhere.
6	3		Tech	RSLPCR states that "If another RSL is used, justification shall include a guarantee by the signature of the most senior officer of the product manufacturer."	As a reviewer verifying to this language, it would take a signature of the CEO to meet this requirement. Is that the intention?	Clarification added.	Updated "another" to "longer". Otherwise kept as-is since this is a direct requirement from ISO 21930, 7.1.4.
7	5		Tech	Operational water use: States that bidet use is 4x per day. While this is consistent within this PCR it is somewhat divergent from the num bers given for dual flush toliets w bidet seats under the scenario given in the Residential Toilet PCR. See comment on Res Toilet tab line 13	I assume the bidet use is related to solids and not liquids. If not, then bidet use per day would be higher, wouldn't it? I don't own one, so forgive my ignorance. This same disparity exists in the B6 module as well.	Clarification added.	Bidet seats are used for both solids and liquids. The committee recognizes that actual usage may vary. The assumption of 2 users/day and 2 uses/person is based on PMIs industry guidance. Residential toilets are assumed to be sometimes used without the use of the bidet function, so clarification was added to break out the number of uses which are used in conjunction with a bidet seat.

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8	5		Tech	to establish weighted average composite factors, to obtain an electricity usage per gallon of water consumed. Use this table to calculate the electricity used for water supply and treatment.	Are users supposed to use the values to calculate their own value of energy per gal, or is the intention for users to use the value generated in the table? This should be clarified	Clarification added.	Edited to read: "Use the value generated in this table to calculate the electricity used for water supply and treatment."
1	2	1	Technical	Additional rules to Part A. 1st section: In light of recent interoperability analyses, gaps in LCH-LCIA connectivity and artificial variances in LCIA results on same datasets can occur depending on the implementation of data within a platform; thus, recommend also disclosing the platform and platform version in which the database was implemented (e.g., ecoinvent v 3.8 implemented in SimaPRO v9.3) such that common discrepancies at least in e.g., electricity, transport, and fuels can be identified	Recommend requiring disclosure of platform and platform version in which secondary data are implementation for secondary data disclosure, i.e., in addition to database name, version, dataset name, geography, allocation method, e.g., "as implemented in [SimaPROvx.y/CaBivx.y/lcacommons.gov + date/OpenLCA version x.y]."	Accept	Added software type and version implemented to list of descriptors.
	2	1	Technical	System boundaries: recommend including a diagram, e.g., such as that found in Fig 2. of: Rodrigues et al. 2021: https://www.mdpi.com/1996-1073/14/8/2307 Also, to be explicity, recommend a bullet list or some other structured way to list the steps to be included, ideally, by module, e.g.,: *raw material extraction *raw material transport *body preparation *homogenization and slip maturation *casting *drying *drying *drying *drying *dring landfill of glazing slurry waste and treatment of water *fining *finishing *retouching & annealing, where repair occurs *production of ancillary components *final assembly *tet.	Add system boundaries diagram and table of processes to be included by EPD module.	Accept	Committee concluded that electronic bidel seats likely share a similar manufacturing path. A common system boundary diagram was able to be created.
2		2	Technical	A1. The PCR should specify whether a generation or consumption mix for electricity should be utilized to represent the source country or region; note, if using public Fed Commons background data, consumption mixes can be specified to the level of balancing authority, which is more granular than country or region (i.e., eGRID) level. The PCR could specify a list of criteria for the various tiers and EPD compilers have the choice as to which tier criteria they meet, e.g., any electricity datasource for transparency, eLCl for public procurement, and eLCl harmonized across other supply chain data for data source.	More granularity in specifying electricity datasets (consumption mix and specific source in the case of complying with additional tier per ACLCA 2022 PCR Open Standard); also, refer to REC Addendum	No change	SM Part A specifies power mix selection for different regions. Committee does not intend for the Part B to comply with additional EPD use case tiers. REC Addendum being considered for incorporation into the next update of SM Part A.
3	3	2	Technical	A1: Upstream manufacturing should also reflect the source country or region to the extent possible (or more granular if takes place in US and PCR specifies public Fed Commons electricity baseline data); in other words, effort should be made to identify activity locations of upstream suppliers	More explicit guidance on including geographic scope for upstream suppliers and reflecting this in underlying LCA to the extent possible	Accept	Added to A1: the manufacturing activities should reflect the source country or region to the extent possible.
4	3	2	Technical	A2: Recommend adding in 5% by volume to the cutoff for transport (unlikely scenario but possible when items' cube out' before they 'weight out' and can contirbute significantly to overall transport). Also, this section is an opportunity to contribute to criteria for EPDs intented for higher tiers (e.g., public procurement or data source). E.g., using consistent secondary data/specifying secondary data such as public data for transport, e.g., USLC for consistency in modeling transport and could even provide an example tonne-miles calculation such that the tonne-miles are consistently/correctly applied to transport legs (this aspect is the source of many misunderstandings and mistakes in LCAs). As with electricity, this is an opportunity to set precedent for other POs by specifying a list of criteria for the various tiers and EPD compilers have the choice as to which tier criteria they meet, e.g., any transport datasource for transparency, USLCI for public procurement, and USLCI consistently use to model transport (harmonized) across other relevant product categories for data source status.	Add 'by volume' to the 'by mass' criteria specified for cutoff for transport, add granularity to dataset specificity for tiers per the ACLCA 2022 Open Standard	Accept	Added 'by volume' to the criteria. Committee does not intend for the Part B to comply with additional EPD use case tiers.

	1	1		T			Updated B3 to require
5	3	2	Technical	Reference service life (RSL) here state to be 10 years should be explicitly differentiated from the service life of various parts of the entire product (e.g., electronic components, housing, buttons, etc.) that may need replacement/repair well before the end of the whole product RSL.	Recommend including other parts' default RSLs and/or specifying standards/certifications for parts or groups/types of parts to be utilized in declaring lifetimes such that production of parts with lifetimes shorter than ceramic tank/bowl can be incorporated into and normalized to the FU	Accept	replacement of 6 specific parts of the bidet. Unfortunately no industry data is available to cite for this. It's based on the qualitative experiences of a single manufacturer of the top parts ordered separately.
	4	2	Technical	Recommend that a caveat be included that if an EPD publisher elects to use a RSL other than default (10 years) is declared and justified that the comparability to other EPDs may be forfeited depending on the nature of the lifetime alternative to the default	Include example calculation showing how the LCI exchanges get normalized to the FU into reference flows such that EPD publishers understand how the RSL affects LCA outcomes such that they understand influence of deviating from the default RSL; also, include language regarding comparability for FU and RSL.	No change	Its not clear why a different RSL would foreit comparability. As iong as the use scenarios and other specific items listed in ISO 21930 are the same, comparability can still be maintained if different RSLs are selected. If a product legitimately lasts longer than another, then performance over the 75-year ESL is appropriately calculated. The committee did change the RSL to 15 years to better align with the residential toilets that come with blied seats (separate PCR), which is now also 15 years.
	3	2	Technical	A4: Recommend including a justification (e.g., US Transportation Statistics) for the average default distance for land transport to final installation site; the amount default distance is 497 miles, which is ~ half what is indicated in the LCA of relevant products that the PCR references (947 miles based on actual shipment averages); also recommend that PCR offers guidance to report transport by modes; it seems likely transport figures significantly in the contribution analysis	Include information on defensibility of the default installation distance and offer more examples and guidance of how transport are included in the underlying calculations	Accept	No actual data is available, and many distribution scenarios exist. We increased the default to 2,400 km, which is still somewhat arbitrary but reflects the larger distances across North America.
6	4	2	Technical	B3: Repair seems relevant to Module B and guidance for accounting for materials for replacements and waste produced during repairs should be provided drawing from the BOM and data/estimates on repair component frequencies over the lifetime of the whole product. These materials and waste can then be normalized to the functional unit and reported as impacts for Module B.	Include more guidance for how repair shall be factered into underlying calculations (example blank table showing repair frequencies for various parts over default RSL showing columns for material input mass and material waste mass generated per instance). Best is PCR specifying average repair frequencies and recommending deviations provide justification.	Accept	Updated B3 to require replacement of 6 specific parts of the bidet. Unfortunately no industry data is available to citle for this. It's based on the qualitative experiences of a single manufacturer of the top parts ordered separately.
7	5	2	Technical	B6: It seems that this would be a place to reference REC addendum	Reference REC Addendum for electricity	No change	REC Addendum being considered for incorporation into the next update of SM Part A.
8	6	2	Technical	C1-4 and D: regarding this EPD and for harmorizing across product categories as it may be relevant for those incorporating waste materials (e.g., concrete producers): Recommend additional guidance as preparation for and transport of wastes intended for recycling may differ from those destined for landfill, e.g., % level disassembly and material components separation, which can affect unit processes selected to reflect disposal; recommend more explicit guidance on how to model including specification of waste disposal processes in the case of material separation for recycling here for EPD producers.	More explicit guidance on reflecting recycling and landfilling processes and harmonizing across other building product categories (i.e., envelope material producers)	No change	Kept assumption for 100% landfill. It is not realistic or typical that a bidet seat would be disassembled at the end of life. The vast majority are likely sent to landfill.

				As per the Open Standard, this section is an opportunity for the PO/PCR Committee to compile and attach a DQ template such that EPD producers			
ę	7	3	Technical	can easily and consistently provide DQ indices for process and flow level indicators; e.g., see EPA Data Quality Pedigree Matrix criteria as enhanced by Bhat & Mukherjee in FHWA's Paverment LCA Tool Tool Tool Tool Tool Tool Tool Too	Add DQ template and guidance.	No change	The SM Part A PCR requires the use of the suggested pedigree matrix for PCRs that conform to the Procurement or Data Source levels. This PCR committee decided to keep the PCRs at the Transparency level for now, but might consider upgrading in the future.
1) 7	Additional LCA Calculation Rules	Technical	It seems per Lv et al. 2019 (mentioned above), that an example material and energy balance for sanitary ceramics LCA is publicly available; this is half the work of creating an LCl data collection template, along with tools such as that created by PNNL (see DOE Model-Linked Lighting LCl Template: https://www.energy.gov/eere/ss/lifte-cycle inventory-template-luminaires); these materials provide fodder for creating an LCl template for sanitary ceramics that would be of great value to this MEP category, as recent case studies presented at the MEP 2040 Quarterly Forum indicate, MEPs may be much more significant contributors to whole building impacts than previously thought and would benefit greatly from LCA tools streamlining the EPD compliation and publishing process. EPA is about to launch industry grant program to facilitate IRA Section 60112 program are inspected and foundative associations creating templates that facilitate more participation in providing comparable LCAS/EPDs may be eligible for these types of grants.	Consider creation of LCI data collection template to facilitate implementation of IRA Section 60112 programs	No change	The PCR committee might decide to develop a data collection template in the future, but at this time declines to do so.
1	34/52	8.3	Technical	The allocation procedure does not require that, where allocation by physical relationship is applied, the PCR shall specify the relevant underlying physical relationships to be considered and establish or refer to the relevant allocation rules, as required by the ACLCA Open Standard (PCR Committee matrix, criteria #33).	Update part A accordingly.	No changes made	Part A secion 8.3 specifies that where allocation by physical relationship is applied, the physical relationship is applied, the physical relationships shall reflect the way in which the inputs and outputs are influenced by the quantitative changes of the products or functions (i.e., the outputs and/or services provided by the process, having a positive economic value) delivered by the system.
2	37/52	9.1	Technical	The impact category names are not ISO21930-compliant. (PCR Committee matrix, criteria #37).	Use names and abbreviation from ISO 21930.	No changes made	Part A section 9.1 lists required and optional impact categories. Both lists are bulleted with the LCA characterization methodology and have the reference in parethesisa; elatest TRACI impact assessment methodology (EPA)
1			Technical	Do not agree with the names and/or scopes of these product groups	The commercial toilet PCR include toilets with or without flushometers, but there is another PCR for the flushometers. Suggest keeping the flushometers as a separate PCR and the commercial toilet PCR be only for the toilet without the flushometer.	No changes made.	As of November, the committee decided to separate flushometers from commercial toilets and the latest version of the commercial toilet PCR excludes flushometers. No change needed.

				There are other relevant existing PCRs, EPDs, or SM Transparency Reports that should also be referenced and/or utilized		No changes made.	The committee has been
2							informed that SM reached out to
					The flushometers and faucets are already covered under		UL to address the overlap in
					the UL PCR Part B for Kitchen and Bath Fixture Fittings,		scope. No response was
			Technical				received as of the writing of this
					agree with the exception noted for creating a duplicate		response. We believe the intent
					PCR.		for harmonization per the ACLCA
							Open Standard has been
							achieved.
				Do not agree with the proposed estimated service life (ESL) and reference service lives (RSLs), and the supporting rationale	RSLs for the urinals and toilets do not align with previous PCRs. Rationale should be given for the revised RSLs.	Agree that rationale should be provided.	For the PCRs with updated RSLs
							(commercial toilets and urinals),
							we have added a description of
3			Technical				the change, an explanation for
3			recnnicai				why it was changed, the
							implication to the LCA results,
							and references for the new data
			Į.				sources used.
							These are listed in the section
				The additional rules to Part A are not sufficient for			titled "Additional rules to Part A".
					I do not see additional comparability rules listed in any of		In the future, Sustainable Minds
4			Technical	enhancing the comparability of products within these product groups	the Part Bs.	No changes made.	will add links to the Part Bs in
							each of the survey pages for
							ease of review.
				Do not agree with the proposed default life cycle			Added scenario information to
5				stage scenarios for C1-C4 and the supporting rationale	C2 scenarios are missing in all of the Part Bs.	Agree that C2 should be included.	use 100 km via diesel-powered
							truck/trailer.
				Previous versions of these PCRs from other Program Operators allowed for a global market, yet these PCR restrict to North American market.		No changes made.	The committee has considered
							expanding the scope, but for now
			Other				will keep the focus on North
6							America. The committee may
							decide to add other geographical
							assumptions later if data are
							available.
			Other	These PCRs are listed as Transparency level PCRs for the Open Standard level, which would preclude a user of the EPDs from using these for			The committee considered
							increasing the use case level, but
7						No changes made.	for now will maintain
7				procurement. Any architect or builder wanting to use			conformance with Level 1. If the
				these EPDs to meet their procurement			market changes, the committee
				requirements would not be able to use them.			may reconsider.
			Other	As a member of the PCR drafting committee, the weekly meetings were difficult to accommodate. Following the new Open Standard as written was also difficult.			Detailed meeting notes were
8							distributed weekly with updated
						No changes mode	drafts of the Part B. A request for
							additional comments was
							included in the meeting notes and
		ı					in the weekly emails. The weekly
							email also included a link to the
							folder with recordings of the
							meetings. SM is open to
							suggestions for improving these
							accommodations for any
							committee members who are
							unable to attend the live
							meetings.